School District of Hernando County

School Administrator Evaluation System



Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide the district with a template for its school administrator evaluation system that addresses the requirements of Section 1012.34, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 6A-5.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). This template, Form AEST-2018, is incorporated by reference in Rule 6A-5.030, F.A.C., effective April 2018.

Instructions

Each of the sections within the evaluation system template provides specific directions, but does not limit the amount of space or information that can be added to fit the needs of the district. Where documentation or evidence is required, copies of the source documents (e.g., rubrics, policies and procedures, observation instruments) shall be provided at the end of the document as appendices in accordance with the Table of Contents.

Before submitting, ensure the document is titled and paginated.

Submission

Upon completion, the district shall email this form and any required supporting documentation as a Microsoft Word document for submission to DistrictEvalSysEQ@fldoe.org.

Modifications to an approved evaluation system may be made by the district at any time. Substantial revisions shall be submitted for approval, in accordance with Rule 6A-5.030(3), F.A.C. The entire template shall be sent for the approval process.

Table of Contents

Part I: Evaluation System Overview	3
Part II: Evaluation System Requirements	3
Part III: Evaluation Procedures	6
Part IV: Evaluation Criteria	7
A. Instructional Leadership	7
B. Other Indicators of Performance	. 17
C. Performance of Students	. 17
D. Summative Rating Calculation	. 18
Appendices	. 30
Appendix A – Evaluation Framework Crosswalk	. 30
Appendix B – Observation Instruments for School Administrators	. 33
Appendix C – Student Performance Measures	. 69
Appendix D – Summative Evaluation Forms	. 69

Part I: Evaluation System Overview

In Part I, the district shall describe the purpose and provide a high-level summary of the school administrator evaluation system.

The Site Based Administrative Evaluation system is annually reviewed by the Administrative Evaluation Committee and is presented to the Hernando County School Board for approval. The current system is based on the reviewing several approved systems statewide to capture the most important elements of the Florida Principal Leadership Standards to be reinforced and encouraged in Hernando County. There are four domains of focus that include Instructional Leadership, Culture and Relationship Building, Operations, and Problem Solving & Strategic Change Management. There are two parts to the Evaluation for Site Based Administrators: Instructional Leadership and Student Performance. Instructional Leadership is made up of Observation ratings by a supervising administrator. The assistant principals are evaluated by their principals while the principals are evaluated by the Assistant Superintendent of Teaching and Learning. Meetings are held three times a year: initial, midyear, and final. The final ratings account for 80% of the Instructional Leadership component while the Deliberate Practice makes up for the other 20%. Overall the Instructional Leadership is 65% of the summative evaluation score. The other 35% is Student Performance. Student performance ratings are used that reflect the student population that the administrator serves so there are different metrics used at the elementary, middle, K-8, and high school level.

Part II: Evaluation System Requirements

In Part II, the district shall provide assurance that its school administrator evaluation system meets each requirement established in section 1012.34, F.S., below by checking the respective box. School districts should be prepared to provide evidence of these assurances upon request.

System Framework

- ☑ The evaluation system framework is based on sound educational principles and contemporary research in effective educational practices.
- ☑ The observation instrument(s) to be used for school administrators include indicators based on each of the Florida Principal Leadership Standards (FPLSs) adopted by the State Board of Education.

Training

- ☑ The district provides training programs and has processes that ensure:
 - > Employees subject to an evaluation system are informed of the evaluation criteria, data sources, methodologies, and procedures associated with the evaluation before the evaluation takes place; and
 - ➤ Individuals with evaluation responsibilities and those who provide input toward evaluations understand the proper use of the evaluation criteria and procedures.

Data Inclusion and Reporting

☑ The district may provide opportunities for parents and instructional personnel to provide input into performance evaluations, when the district determines such input is appropriate.

Evaluation Procedures

- ☐ The district's system ensures all school administrators are evaluated at least once a year.
- ☑ The district's evaluation procedures comply with the following statutory requirements in accordance with section 1012.34, F.S.:
 - The evaluator must be the individual responsible for supervising the employee; the evaluator may consider input from other personnel trained on the evaluation system.
 - ➤ The evaluator must provide timely feedback to the employee that supports the improvement of professional skills.
 - ➤ The evaluator must submit a written report to the employee no later than 10 days after the evaluation takes place.
 - ➤ The evaluator must discuss the written evaluation report with the employee.
 - ➤ The employee shall have the right to initiate a written response to the evaluation and the response shall become a permanent attachment to his or her personnel file.
 - ➤ The evaluator must submit a written report of the evaluation to the district school superintendent for the purpose of reviewing the employee's contract.
 - ➤ The evaluator may amend an evaluation based upon assessment data from the current school year if the data becomes available within 90 days of the end of the school year.

Use of Results

- ☐ The district has procedures for how evaluation results will be used to inform the
 - > Planning of professional development; and
 - > Development of school and district improvement plans.
- ☑ The district's system ensures school administrators who have been evaluated as less than effective are required to participate in specific professional development programs, pursuant to section 1012.98(10), F.S.

Notifications

- ☑ The district has procedures for the notification of unsatisfactory performance that comply with the requirements outlined in Section 1012.34(4), F.S.
- ☐ The district school superintendent shall annually notify the Department of Education of any school administrators who
 - Receive two consecutive unsatisfactory evaluation ratings; or
 - Are given written notice by the district of intent to terminate or not renew their employment, as outlined in section 1012.34(5), F.S.

District Self-Monitoring

- ☑ The district has a process for monitoring implementation of its evaluation system that enables it to determine the following:
 - Compliance with the requirements of section 1012.34, F.S., and Rule 6A-5.030, F.A.C.;
 - ➤ Evaluators' understanding of the proper use of evaluation criteria and procedures, including evaluator accuracy and inter-rater reliability;

- > Evaluators provide necessary and timely feedback to employees being evaluated;
- > Evaluators follow district policies and procedures in the implementation of evaluation system(s);
- > Use of evaluation data to identify individual professional development; and,
- > Use of evaluation data to inform school and district improvement plans.

Part III: Evaluation Procedures

In Part III, the district shall provide the following information regarding the observation and evaluation of school administrators. The following tables are provided for convenience and may be customized to accommodate local evaluation procedures.

1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(b), F.S., all personnel must be fully informed of the criteria, data sources, methodologies, and procedures associated with the evaluation process before the evaluation takes place. In the table below, describe when and how school administrators are informed of the criteria, data sources, methodologies, and procedures associated with the evaluation process.

Personnel Group	When Personnel are Informed	Method(s) of Informing
School Administrators	Beginning of the year	Initial Evaluation meeting and School Board Approval process

2. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)3., F.S., evaluation criteria for instructional leadership must include indicators based upon each of the FPLSs adopted by the State Board of Education. In the table below, describe when and how evidence of demonstration of the FPLSs is collected.

Personnel Group	When Evidence is Collected	Method(s) of Collection
School Administrators	Continuously	Formal and informal meetings, observations, department heads can share information with the Assistant Superintendent or Principals that can be used for those areas where the components discuss what those departments focus on

3. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a), F.S., a performance evaluation must be conducted for each employee at least once a year. In the table below, describe when and how many summative evaluations are conducted for school administrators.

Personnel	Number of	When Evaluations Occur	When Evaluation Results are
Group	Evaluations		Communicated to Personnel
School Administrators	1	April of each year for Instructional Leadership and Student Perfomance during the subsequent year	November of the subsequent year

Part IV: Evaluation Criteria

A. Instructional Leadership

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding the instructional leadership data that will be included for school administrator evaluations.

- 1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)3., F.S., at least one-third of the evaluation must be based upon instructional leadership. In Hernando County, instructional leadership accounts for 65% of the school administrator performance evaluation.
- 2. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the instructional leadership rating for school administrators, including performance standards for differentiating performance.
 - For all school administrators 65% of their evaluation system is based on the instructional leadership criterion as outlined in s. 1012.34(3)(a)3., F.S., and HCSD has created a framework that includes four domains: Instructional Leadership, Culture and Relationship Building, Operations, and Problem Solving and Strategic Change Management. This section is called the Leadership Practice Score and is made up of two components: Deliberate Practice (20 %) and Ratings based on the four Domains noted above that correspond to the Florida Principal Leadership Standards. (80%). [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(c)1., F.A.C.]. The district created a committee to review the previous model and review the evaluation systems of all the counties in the State of Florida. From this committee these four domains emerged that reflect the research based models that support the evaluation systems around the state, language being used by peers and initiatives and directives directly tied to the work in Hernando County.
 - The four domains noted above are based on the Florida Principal Leadership Standards [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(c)3., F.A.C.]. A rubric follows that outlines a total of 34 components across the four domains. In addition to the domains school administrators will be responsible to complete a deliberate practice that outlines from one to four goals for the year and there will be an initial, a mid-year and a final review of the components between school leaders and their supervisor and a review of the deliberate practice.
 - Refer below to the tool that outlines the complete data collection instrument(s) that include indicators, organized by domains, based on each of the Principal Leadership Standards1012.34(3)(a)3., F.S. [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(c)4., F.A.C.]. A crosswalk has also been provided
 - The Assistant Superintendent of Teaching and Learning will complete the review of the Deliberate Practice, discussions of the Deliberate Practice and the Leadership Standards, and evaluation for all principals. Form 1 will document an initial mid-year and final rating and meeting between supervisor and school leader. Portfolios, artifacts and discussions will account for the data and evidence for these reviews and

ratings. Observations will also occur as scheduled. Frequency will be based on need but a minimum of one will occur. The principals will conduct these processes for any assistant principals that they supervise. [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(c)5., F.A.C.].

Leadership Domains and Corresponding Components for Herando County

Domain #1: Instructional Leadership

An Instructional Leader is a continuously reflective visible learner who empowers teachers to transform teaching and learning by modeling best practices and providing knowledgeable, data-driven feedback.

Components for Instructional Leadership:

- 1. Develop, articulate, and use a shared vision of instructional excellence to guide and define decisions. (FL Standards 2, 3, 5, 6 & 9)
- 2. Establish meaningful goals to drive towards continuous school improvement. (FL Standards 2, 4, 5 & 6)
- 3. Ensure that benchmarks, curriculum, instruction, and assessments are aligned to Florida Standards in order to promote high student achievement. (FL Standards 1, 2 & 3)
- 4. Facilitates, monitors and participates in school wide data analysis that seeks to understand student achievement data and use results to initiate data driven change to close achievement gaps and support school improvement with multiple stakeholders. (FL Standards 1, 2, & 6)
- 5. Promotes and monitors standards based common planning, with evidence of data analysis. (FL Standards 1 & 3)
- 6. Uses frequent walkthroughs and informal and formal evaluations to provide targeted/timely feedback and support. (FL Standards 3, 4, & 6)
- 7. Cultivates and supports Administrators, Instructional Coaches, and/or teacher leaders, and monitors roles and responsibilities through leadership opportunities and professional growth. (FL Standards 3, 4, & 7)
- 8. Utilizes Instructional support personnel to discuss best practices and strategically determine professional development needs and avenues for academic support. (FL Standards 4, 7, & 9)
- 9. Utilizes School Improvement Plans, and data analysis to drive instruction, program interventions, and teacher supports. (FL Standards 1, 2, 3 & 4)
- 10. Participates in professional learning opportunities and provides/facilitates professional

- learning opportunities for staff. (FL Standards 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, & 10)
- 11. Demonstrates that high expectations of student learning is a top priority where there is a clear focus on student success. (FL Standards 1, 2, & 5)

Domain #2: Culture and Relationship Building.

Effective leaders provide and support on-going opportunities to involve community members and current stakeholders. With the goal of accelerating student achievement, effective leaders understand the need to activate and involve parents/community members. Collective partnerships will enable all stakeholders to support the vision and goals of the school and district. Effective leaders establish cultures that demand high expectations for academic, social, emotional, and personal success for all students. An effective culture reinforces positive relationships and respect among all stakeholders.

Components for Culture and Relationship Building

- 1. Actively participates in the school's community organizations and builds community partnerships. (FL Standards 7 & 9)
- 2. Cultivates a pleasant and inviting school atmosphere. Actively listens to and involves all stakeholders and values their contributions. (FL Standards 5, 6, 8, 9 & 10)
- 3. Communicates effectively in a timely, efficient, and positive manner. (FL Standards 8 & 9)
- 4. Models respect, a positive attitude, and demonstrates interpersonal skills that value the diversity and talents of all. (FL Standards 4, 7, 9, & 10)
- 5. Recognizes and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2, 3, 9 & 10)
- 6. Exhibits willingness, courage, and skill to have effective difficult conversations and engages stakeholders in problem resolution. (FL Standards 4, 9, & 10)
- 7. Strongly adheres to the Principles of Professional Practice for the Education Profession and demonstrates commitment and models appropriate conduct. (FL Standards 10)

Domain #3: Operations

Effective school leaders manage the school organization, operations, human capital, and facilities in a way that maximizes usage of all fiscal and human resources. Management of all fiscal and human resources ensures instructional priorities are met, and guidelines for working with select student populations are followed.

Components for Operations

- 1. Ensures that all fiscal decisions support the implementation of instructional priorities, and are within the school's budgeted resources. (FL Standards 1, 2, 6, 8, & 10)
- 2. Uses effective strategies for selecting and retaining highly effective personnel. (FL Standards 3, 4, 6, 7 & 8)
- 3. Monitors personnel to ensure appropriate professional conduct as it relates to state and district guidelines including the following:

- Daily monitoring of student attendance
- Ensuring FTE counts are accurate to reflect appropriate revenue
- Enforces the state of Florida's Code of Ethics and models this behavior consistently. (FL Standards 9 & 10) (FL Standards 4,6,8, 9, & 10)
- 4. Understands and implements the district's Student Code of Conduct and establishes a school-wide discipline plan to support board approved policy. Established and maintains threat assessment team and adheres to District approved threat assessment protocol. (FL Standards 2, 5, & 8)
- 5. Reports, monitors, analyzes, and problem solves after accurate collection of discipline data. Strategically places proper personnel to provide immediate support and wrap around services. (FL Standards 5 & 8)
- 6. Ensure fiscal responsibility by managing budgets and ensure financial resources are properly managed in compliance with District policies and procedures. (FL Standards 8)
- 7. Ensure compliance with District policies and procedures related to Human Resources Management. (Hiring, leaves, FLSA, ADA, etc.) (FL Standards 4, 9, & 10)
- 8. Manages school facilities properly through compliance with appropriate standards of cleanliness and reporting operational concerns as appropriate. (FL Standards 5 & 8)
- 9. Manages school operations and facilities to promote a safe, efficient, and effective learning environment including using district approved technology to conduct drills adhering to District protocol and making modifications and revisions to the school safety plan as needed. (FL Standards 6, 7, 8)
- 10. Effectively communicates and educates all school stakeholders in District approved safety protocol. (FL Standards 6, 7, & 8)

Category 4#: Problem-Solving and Strategic Change Management

- 1. Collects, analyzes, and uses multiple forms of data to make decisions. (FL Standards 1, 3, 5, & 6)
- 2. Identifies problems, analyzes root causes, and develops effective strategies to resolve issues. (FL Standards 2 & 6)
- 3. Develops and implements effective action plans, anticipates risks to achieving goals, and adapts to changing circumstances. (FL Standards 3, 4, 6, 7, & 9)
- 4. Employs effective technology integration to enhance decision making and efficiency throughout the school. (FL Standards 6, 8, &9)
- 5. Proactively plans and creates systems to accomplish school wide goals. (FL Standards 1, 6, 7, & 9)
- 6. Builds ownership from diverse stakeholders and, overcomes resistance to advance school improvement. (FL Standards 4, 9 & 10)

HE=3 points E=2 points NI=1 point U=0 points

Scoring Observed Practices:

Domains	Total from Each Section	Divider	Average per Domain (round to the nearest hundredth place)	Rating HE, E, NI, or U (see chart below)
D1: Instructional Leadership (0-33 possible)		Divide total by 11		
D2: Culture and Relationship Building (0-21 possible)		Divide total by 7		
D3: Operations (0-30 possible)		Divide total by 10		
D4: Problem Solving & Strategic Change Management (0- 18 possible)		Divide total by 6		

Rating	Range
Highly Effective-HE	2.50-3.00
Effective-E	1.50-2.49
Needs Improvement-NI	0.50-1.49
Unsatisfactory-U	0-0.49

Deliberate Practice: The leaders work on specific improvements in mastery of educational leadership is a separate metric and is combined with the FSLA Domain Scores to

determine a summative leadership score.

Deliberate Practice (DP)

Proficiency Area(s) and Target(s) for School Leader Growth

<u>Deliberate Practice Priorities</u>: The leader and the evaluator identify 1 to 4 specific and measurable priority learning goals related to teaching, learning, or school leadership practices that impact student learning growth. One or two targets are recommended.

- The target of a deliberate practice process describe an intended result and will include "scales" or progress points that guide the leader toward highly effective levels of personal mastery;
- The leader takes actions to make discernible progress on those priority goals; monitors progress toward them, uses the monitoring data to make adjustments to practice, and provides measurable evidence of growth in personal mastery of the targeted priorities.
- The evaluator monitors progress and provides feedback.
- The targets are "thin slices" of specific gains sought not broad overviews or long term goals taking years to accomplish.
- Deliberate practices ratings are based on comparison of proficiency at a "start point" and proficiency at a designated "evaluation point". The start point data can be based on a preceding year FSLA evaluation data on a specific indicator or proficiency area, or determined by school leader and evaluator either at the end of the preceding work year or at the start of the new work year in which the DP targets will be used for evaluation.

Relationship to other measures of professional learning: Whereas FSLA indicator 4.5 addresses the leader's involvement with professional learning focused on faculty needs and indicator 10.2 addresses the leader's pursuant of learning aligned with a range of school needs, the Deliberate Practice targets are more specific and deeper learning related to teaching, learning, or school leadership practices that impact student learning. The DP learning processes establish career-long patterns of continuous improvement and lead to high quality instructional leadership.

Selecting Growth Targets:

Growth target 1: An issue that addresses a school improvement need related to student learning and either selected by the district or approved by leader's supervisor. The focus should be on complex issues that take some time to master such as providing observation and feedback of high-effect size instructional practices.

Growth target 2: An issue related to a knowledge base or skill set relevant to instructional leadership selected by leader).

Growth target 3-4: Optional: additional issues as appropriate.

• The addition of more targets should involve estimates of the time needed to accomplish targets 1 and 2. Where targets 1 and 2 are projected for mastery in less than half of a school year, identify additional target(s).

The description of a target should be modeled along the lines of learning goals.

- A concise description (rubric) of what the leader will know or be able to do
- Of sufficient substance to take at least 6 weeks to accomplish
- Includes scales or progressive levels of progress that mark progress toward

mastery of the goal.

Rating Scheme

- Unsatisfactory = no significant effort to work on the targets
- Needs Improvement = evidence some of the progress points were accomplished but not all of the targets
- Effective = target accomplished
- Highly effective = exceeded the targets and able to share what was learned with others

Sample:

Target: Leader will be able to provide feedback to classroom teachers on the effectiveness of learning goals with scales in focusing student engagement on mastery of state standards.

Scales:

- Level 3: Leader develops and implements a process for monitoring the alignment of classroom assessments to track trends in student success on learning goals.
- Level 2: Leader develops and implements a process for routinely visits classes and engaging students in discussion on what they are learning and compares student perceptions with teacher's learning goals.
- Level 1: Leader can locate standards in the state course description for each course taught at the school and completes the on-line module on Learning Goals (both at www.floridastandards.org) and engages teachers in discussion on how they align instruction and learning goals with course standards.

School Leader's Name and Position: Evaluators Name and Position: Target for school year: Date Growth Targets Approved: School Leader's Signature: Evaluator	
Target for school year: Date Growth Targets Approved: School Leader's Signature:Evaluator	
School Leader's Signature: Evaluator	
School Leader's Signature: Evaluator	
Signature	r's
Deliberate Practice Growth Target #: (Insert target identification number here check one category below)	, the
() District Growth Target () School Growth Target () Leader Growth target	er's
•	
1. 2.	
2. 3 Notes:	

How to Score Deliberate Practice

NOTE: This section applies IF the district is using the state model deliberate practice metric. If deliberate practice is not in use at this time, skip to Section Three.

Deliberate Practice Score

- The DP score is 20% of the Leadership Practice Score.
- The DP metric will have 1 to 4 specific growth targets.
- Each target will have progress points (much like a learning goal for students).
- The targets will have equal weight and the leader's growth on each will be assessed as HE, E, NI, or U.

Table 15

Scoring a DP Growth	Rating Rubrics
Target	
Highly Effective	Target met, all progress points achieved, and verifiable
	improvement in leaders performance
Effective	Target met, progress points achievesimpact not yet evident
Needs Improvement	Target not met, but some progress points met
Unsatisfactory	Target not met, nothing beyond 1 progress point

A DP Score has an upper limit of 300 points. Each target is assigned an equal proportion of the total points. Therefore the points for each target will vary based on the number of targets.

Table 16

Number of growth targets	Maximum points per target	Maximum Point Range
One Target	300	300
Two Targets	150 (300/2)	300 (150 x 2)
Three Targets	100 (300/3)	300 (100 x 3)
Four Targets	75 (300/4)	300 (75 x 4)

Target values based on Rating (HE, E, NI, or U) and Number of Targets.

This chart shows the points earned by a growth target based on a rating Level (HE, E, NI, or U) and the total number of targets in the DP plan.

Table 17

Rating	Point values	If 1	If 2	If 3	If 4
		target	targets	targets	targets
HE	max points	300	150	100	75
E	.80 of max	240	120	80	60
NI	.5 of max	150	75	50	37.5
U	.25 if some progress	75	37.5	25	18.75
U	.0 if 1 progress stage	0	0	0	0

A DP score is based on ratings of the targets and the points earned for each rating.

Examples

If Three Growth Targets:

Table 18

DP Target	Rating	Points (based on table 17 – column 5) *
DP TARGET 1	HE	100
DP TARGET 2	E	80
DP TARGET 3	NI	50
DP Score (target score		230
added together)		

^{*} Points available vary based on total number of growth targets. Use Table 17 to select point values.

Deliberate Practice rating

Table 19

DP Score Range	DP Rating
241 to 300	Highly Effective
151 to 240	Effective
75 to 150	Needs Improvement
0 to 74	Unsatisfactory

Summary

80% of the Leadership Practice Score is based on the School Leader Assessment Proficiency Score.

20% of the Leadership Practice Score is based on the Deliberate Practice Growth Score. How to Calculate a Leadership Practice Score

A.	SLA SCORE:	
	x .80 =	

B. Deliberate Practice Score:

____ x .20 = ____

C. Add scores from calculations A and B above to obtain Leadership Practice Score Example:

FLSA score of 220 x. 80 = 176

DP score of $230 \times .20 = 46$

Leadership Practice Score is 222.

Leadership Score Range	Leadership Practice Rating
240 to 300	Highly Effective
151 to 239	Effective
75 to 150	Needs Improvement
0 to 74	Unsatisfactory

B. Other Indicators of Performance

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding any other indicators of performance that will be included for school administrator evaluations.

- 1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)4., F.S., up to one-third of the evaluation may be based upon other indicators of performance. In Hernando County, other indicators of performance account for 0% of the school administrator performance evaluation.
- 2. Description of additional performance indicators, if applicable.
- Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the other indicators of performance rating for school administrators, including performance standards for differentiating performance.

C. Performance of Students

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding the student performance data that will be included for school administrator evaluations.

- 1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)1., F.S., at least one-third of the performance evaluation must be based upon data and indicators of student performance, as determined by each school district. This portion of the evaluation must include growth or achievement data of the administrator's school(s) over the course of at least three years. If less than three years of data are available, the years for which data are available must be used. Additionally, this proportion may be determined by administrative responsibilities. In Hernando County, performance of students accounts for 35% of the school administrator performance evaluation.
- 2. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the student performance rating for school administrators, including performance standards for differentiating performance.
 - All school administrators will have 35% of their evaluation that is based on the performance of students criterion as outlined in 1012.34(3)(a)1., F.S., calculated by a three year aggregate when available. [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(a)1., F.A.C.].
 - For all school administrators, the school wide VAM data will be used for three years, including student data for at least three years, including the current year and the two years immediately preceding the current year, when available. If less than three years are available those years for which the data is available will be used. [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(a)3., F.A.C.].
 - For school administrators, the district-determined student performance measure(s) will include school wide measures. For high school administrators one sixth will be the ELA growth from test 1 to test 3 for ELA (grades 9 and 10), one sixth Algebra I and Geometry I EOC proficiency, one sixth Biology I Proficiency, one sixth graduraion rate, one sixth acceleration rate, and one sixth US History

EOC Proficiency. The levels for the ELA, Math and graduation rate will be 87-100%=4, 55-86%=3, 25-54%=2, and 0-24%=1. For the other measurements 75-100%=4, 50-74%=3, 25-49%=2, and 0-24%=1. An average will be calculated and weighted as stated to correspond to the table below. For K-8 administrators K-8 the student performance measurement will be based on T3 growth compared to T1 (State or District Selected) and the levels will be 87-100%=4, 56-86%=3, 25-55%=2, 0-24%=1

• Final rubric value will be an average for the year based on the percentages above depending on the grade level administrators are working with as noted above. This year's rubric will be added to the previous two years to create a three year aggregate when available. Administrators with less experience will have a two or one year data piece.

• The following table can be used to understand the value assigned a rubric rating for a school wide VAM score for the purposes of the evaluation

Rubric Value	Rating	Assigned Points
4	Highly Effective	162
3	Effective	121
2	Needs Improvement	81
1	Unsatisfactory	39

D. Summative Rating Calculation

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding the calculation of summative evaluation ratings for school administrators.

- 1. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the summative rating for school administrators, including performance standards for differentiating performance.
 - The summative evaluation form is available below. The total possible points available will be 462. The Leadership Practice Score will account for 300 possible points. The student performance will account for 162 points. The Leadership Practice Score will include the Florida School Leader Assessment Score and the Deliberate Practice score. Please see form below.
 - The scoring method can be understood by reviewing Form 2 and the summative evaluation form. Form 2 will be completed at the end of the current year and is based on combining the 4 Domain Score generated on Form 1 with the Deliberate Practice Score and corresponds to the 80%/20% split discussed above. The total score will be defined as the Leadership Practice Score. More details are listed on Form 2. Please refer below.
 - The table below lists the ranges of performance levels used to determine the summative evaluation rating. The four performance levels will be:

Performance Score ranges	Performance Level Rating
370 to 462	Highly Effective
232 to 369	Effective

School Administrator Evaluation System

116 to 231	Needs Improvement
0 to 115	Unsatisfactory

1012.34(2)(e), F.S., [Rule 6A-5.030(2)(e), F.A.C.].

How to Calculate a Leadership Practice Score

C.	SLA SCORE:
	x .80 =
D.	Deliberate Practice Score:
	x .20 =

D. Add scores from calculations A and B above to obtain Leadership Practice Score

Example: FLSA score of 220 x. 80 = 176DP score of 230 x .20 = 46 Leadership Practice Score is 222.

Leadership Score Range	Leadership Practice Rating
240 to 300	Highly Effective
151 to 239	Effective
75 to 150	Needs Improvement
0 to 74	Unsatisfactory

Hernando County School District School Leader Assessment (SLA) for

School Leader Name: Title:						
Evaluator:			Title	e:		
Highly Effe 1. Domain I: Ins select)				provement=NI _HEE		
2. Domain II: Cu select)	lture & Rel	ationship B	Building	_HEE	NIU (Se	ee Form 1 and
3. Domain III: OperationsHEENIU (See Formand select)				ee Form 1		
4. Domain IV: Pa	roblem Solv	<i>r</i> ing	_	_HEE _	NIU (S	See Form 1
Domain	Rating (HE, E, NI, U)	Points (3,2,1,0)	Weight	Weighted Value (Pts. X weight)	Convert to 100 point scale	Domain Score
I-Instructional			.32	<u> </u>	x 100	
Leadership II-Culture & Relationship Building			.21		X 100	
III- Operations			.29		X 100	
IV-Problem Solving & Strategic Change Mngt. SLA score			.18		X 100	
SLA score= por The Deliberate Praction DP score= poin LEADERSHIP PRACTION SLA score x .80 Deliberate Practice Score is Leadership score is Lead	ce (DP) Sco nts TICE SCORI) = ore	HEE <u>E</u> x .20 =	ENI	_	d the ratings g	iven.

EVALUTION FORM: Annual PERFORMANCE LEVEL This form is used to calculate a Summative Performance Level

Name:		
School:	School Year:	
Evaluator:	District:	
Evaluator's Title:	Date Completed:	
A. Leadership Practice Score		
$SLA score \underline{\hspace{1cm}} x .80 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$		
Deliberate Practice Score x .20 =		
Combined score is Leadership Practice Score: _		
B. Student growth Measure Score:		
C. Performance Score:		

Performance Score ranges	Performance Level Rating
370 to 462	Highly Effective
232 to 369	Effective
116 to 231	Needs Improvement
0 to 115	Unsatisfactory

Performance level is			
() Highly Effective	() Effective	() Needs Improvement	() Unsatisfactory

2. Pursuant to section 1012.34(2)(e), F.S., the evaluation system for school administrators must differentiate across four levels of performance. Using the district's calculation methods and cut scores described above in sections A – C, illustrate how an elementary principal and a high school principal can earn a highly effective and an unsatisfactory summative performance rating respectively.

Elementary Principal- Highly Effective Example:

Domains	Total from Each Section	Divider	Average per Domain (round to the nearest hundredth place)	Rating HE, E, NI, or U (see chart below)
D1: Instructional Leadership (0-33 possible)	30	Divide total by 11	2.72	HE

D2: Culture and Relationship Building (0-21 possible)	20	Divide total by 7	2.85	НЕ
D3: Operations (0-30 possible)	26	Divide total by 10	2.6	HE
D4: Problem Solving & Strategic Change Management (0- 18 possible)	14	Divide total by 6	2.33	E

	Highly Effective=HE Effective=E N	eeds Improvement=NI	Unsatisfactory=U
1.	Domain I: Instructional Leadership and select)	_x_ HEE	NIU (See Form 1
2.	Domain II: Culture & Relationship Building and select)	g _x_HEE _	NIU (See Form 1
3.	Domain III: Operations and select)	_x_HEE	NIU (See Form 1
4.	Domain IV: Problem Solving and select)	HEx_E	NIU (See Form 1

Domain	Rating (HE, E, NI, U)	Points (3,2,1,0)	Weight	Weighted Value (Pts. X weight)	Convert to 100 point scale	Domain Score
I-Instructional Leadership	HE	3	.32	0.96	x 100	96
II-Culture & Relationship Building	НЕ	3	.21	0.63	X 100	63
III- Operations	HE	3	.29	0.87	X 100	87
IV-Problem Solving & Strategic Change Mngt.	Е	2	.18	0.36	X 100	36
SLA score						282

SLA score= _282___ points

The Deliberate Practice (DP) Score is based on the number of targets and the ratings given.

School Administrator Evaluation System

DP score= _300 pointsX_H	IE <u> </u>	U	
LEADERSHIP PRACTICE SCORE			
SLA score _282 x .80 =225.6			
Deliberate Practice Score300 x .20	=60		
Combined score is Leadership Practice Sco	ore:285.6		
Performance level is _x_ Highly Effective	e Effective	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory

The student performance is based on school wide VAM that is a 4 at this school. K-2 iReady was a 4, and 3rd grade profiency was 85% so that is a 4. Overall the average and aggregate is 4. This earns 162 points.

Summative

D. Leadership Practice Score		
SLA score 282 x .80 =225.6		
Deliberate Practice Score x .20 =60		
Combined score is Leadership Practice Score: _	285.6	
E. Student growth Measure Score:162		
F. Performance Score:447.6		

Performance Score ranges	Performance Level
	Rating
370 to 462	Highly Effective
232 to 369	Effective
116 to 231	Needs Improvement
0 to 115	Unsatisfactory

Performance level is			
(X) Highly Effective	() Effective	() Needs Improvement	() Unsatisfactory

High School Principal- Highly Effective Example:

Domains	Total	Divider	Average per	Rating HE, E, NI, or U (see
	from		Domain	chart below)
	Each		(round to	
	Section		the nearest	
			hundredth	
			place)	
D1: Instructional	30	Divide	2.72	HE
Leadership (0-33		total		
possible)		by		
		11		

D2: Culture and Relationship Building (0-21 possible)	20	Divide total by 7	2.85	HE
D3: Operations (0-30 possible)	26	Divide total by 10	2.6	НЕ
D4: Problem Solving & Strategic Change Management (0- 18 possible)	18	Divide total by 6	3	HE

	Highly Effective=HE Effective=E New	eds Improvement=NI	Unsatisfactory=U
5.	Domain I: Instructional Leadership and select)	_x_ HEE	NIU (See Form 1
6.	Domain II: Culture & Relationship Building and select)	_x_ HEE	NIU (See Form 1
7.	Domain III: Operations and select)	_x_HEE	NIU (See Form 1
8.	Domain IV: Problem Solving and select)	_xHEE	NIU (See Form 1

Domain	Rating (HE, E, NI, U)	Points (3,2,1,0)	Weight	Weighted Value (Pts. X weight)	Convert to 100 point scale	Domain Score
I-Instructional Leadership	HE	3	.32	0.96	x 100	96
II-Culture & Relationship Building	НЕ	3	.21	0.63	X 100	63
III- Operations	HE	3	.29	0.87	X 100	87
IV-Problem Solving & Strategic Change Mngt.	НЕ	3	.18	0.54	X 100	54
SLA score						300

SLA score= _300____ points

The Deliberate Practice (DP) Score is based on the number of targets and the ratings given.

School Administrator Evaluation System

DP score= _300 points	X_ HEE	_NIU	
LEADERSHIP PRACTICE SCORE			
SLA score _300 x .80 =240			
Deliberate Practice Score300 x	.20 =60		
Combined score is Leadership Practice	Score:300		
Performance level is _x_ Highly Effect	ctive Effecti	ve Needs Improvem	entUnsatisfactory

The student performance is based on school wide VAM that is a 2 at this school. Other measurements were the graduation rate at 85% (3), US History at 78% (4), Biology EOC at 80% (4) and acceleration at 76% (4). This averages to a rubric score of 3. This earns 121 points.

Summative

G. Leadership Practice Score	
SLA score $_300$ $_$ x $.80 = _$ $_240$ $_$	
Deliberate Practice Score x .20 =60	
Combined score is Leadership Practice Score:	300
H. Student growth Measure Score:	121
I. Performance Score:421	

Performance Score ranges	Performance Level Rating
370 to 462	Highly Effective
232 to 369	Effective
116 to 231	Needs Improvement
0 to 115	Unsatisfactory

Performance level is			
(X) Highly Effective	() Effective	() Needs Improvement	() Unsatisfactory

Elementary Principal- Unsatisfactory Example:

Domains	Total from Each Section	Divider	Average per Domain (round to the nearest hundredth place)	Rating HE, E, NI, or U (see chart below)
D1: Instructional Leadership (0-33 possible)	11	Divide total by 11	1	NI

D2: Culture and Relationship Building (0-21 possible)	5	Divide total by 7	0.71	NI
D3: Operations (0-30 possible)	9	Divide total by 10	0.9	NI
D4: Problem Solving & Strategic Change Management (0- 18 possible)	2	Divide total by 6	0.3	U

_	Highly Effective=HE Effective=E N				•
9.	Domain I: Instructional Leadership and select)	HE	Е	_xNI	U (See Form 1
10.	Domain II: Culture & Relationship Buildir and select)	ng HE	E	_x_NI	U (See Form 1
11.	Domain III: Operations and select)	НЕ	E	_x_NI	U (See Form 1
12.	Domain IV: Problem Solving and select)	НЕ	E	NI	_xU (See Form 1

Domain	Rating (HE, E, NI, U)	Points (3,2,1,0)	Weight	Weighted Value (Pts. X weight)	Convert to 100 point scale	Domain Score
I-Instructional Leadership	NI	1	.32	.32	x 100	32
II-Culture & Relationship Building	NI	1	.21	.21	X 100	21
III- Operations	NI	1	.29	.29	X 100	29
IV-Problem Solving & Strategic Change Mngt.	U	0	.18	0	X 100	0
SLA score						72

SLA score= _72__ points

The Deliberate Practice (DP) Score is based on the number of targets and the ratings given.

School Administrator Evaluation System

DP score= _0 points HEENIx_U
LEADERSHIP PRACTICE SCORE
SLA score72 x .80 =57.6
Deliberate Practice Score _0 x .20 =0
Combined score is Leadership Practice Score:72
Performance level is Highly Effective Effective Needs Improvement _x_Unsatisfactory

The student performance is based on school wide VAM that is a 1 at this school. K-2 iReady was a 2, and 3rd grade profiency was 45% so that is a 2. Overall the average and aggregate is 1. This earns 39 points.

Summative

A. Leadership Practice Score

SLA score __72__ x .80 = __57.6__

Deliberate Practice Score x .20 = __0__

Combined score is Leadership Practice Score: __57.6__

B. Student growth Measure Score: __39___

C. Performance Score: __96.6_____

370 to 462	Highly Effective
232 to 369	Effective
116 to 231	Needs Improvement
0 to 115	Unsatisfactory

Performance level is			
() Highly Effective	() Effective	() Needs Improvement	(X) Unsatisfactor

High School Principal- Unsatisfactory Example:

Domains	Total	Divider	Average per	Rating HE, E, NI, or U (see
	from		Domain	chart below)
	Each		(round to	
	Section		the nearest	
			hundredth	
			place)	
D1: Instructional	11	Divide	1	NI
Leadership (0-33		total		
possible)		by		
		11		

D2: Culture and Relationship Building (0-21 possible)	5	Divide total by 7	0.71	NI
D3: Operations (0-30 possible)	9	Divide total by 10	0.9	NI
D4: Problem Solving & Strategic Change Management (0- 18 possible)	2	Divide total by 6	0.3	U

Highly Effective=HE Effective=E Ne	eds Improvei	ment=N	I Unsat	risfactory=U
Domain I: Instructional Leadership and select)	HE	E	_xNI	U (See Form 1
Domain II: Culture & Relationship Building and select)	д НЕ	E	_x_NI	U (See Form 1
Domain III: Operations and select)	НЕ	E	_x_NI	U (See Form 1
Domain IV: Problem Solving and select)	НЕ	E	NI	_x_U (See Form 1

Domain	Rating (HE, E, NI, U)	Points (3,2,1,0)	Weight	Weighted Value (Pts. X weight)	Convert to 100 point scale	Domain Score
I-Instructional Leadership	NI	1	.32	.32	x 100	32
II-Culture & Relationship Building	NI	1	.21	.21	X 100	21
III- Operations	NI	1	.29	.29	X 100	29
IV-Problem Solving & Strategic Change Mngt.	U	0	.18	0	X 100	0
SLA score						72

SLA score= _72__ points

The Deliberate Practice (DP) Score is based on the number of targets and the ratings given.

School Administrator Evaluation System

DP score= _0 points HE	ENI _	x_ U	
LEADERSHIP PRACTICE SCORE			
SLA score72 x .80 =57.6			
Deliberate Practice Score _0 x .20 =	_0		
Combined score is Leadership Practice Score:	57.6		
Performance level is Highly Effective _	Effective	Needs Improvement	_x_Unsatisfactory

The student performance is based on school wide VAM that is a 1 at this school. Other measurements were the graduation rate at 54% (2), US History at 48% (2), Biology EOC at 24% (1) and acceleration at 16% (1). This averages to a rubric score of 1. Overall the average and aggregate is 1. This earns 39 points.

Summative

D. Leadership Practice Score

SLA score __72___ x .80 = __57.6__

Deliberate Practice Score x .20 = __0__

Combined score is Leadership Practice Score: __57.6__

E. Student growth Measure Score: __39___

F. Performance Score: __96.6___

Performance Score ranges	Performance Level
	Rating
370 to 462	Highly Effective
232 to 369	Effective
116 to 231	Needs Improvement
0 to 115	Unsatisfactory

Performance level is
() Highly Effective () Needs Improvement (X) Unsatisfactory

Appendix A – Evaluation Framework Crosswalk

In Appendix A, the district shall include a crosswalk of the district's evaluation framework to each of the Florida Principal Leadership Standards (FPLSs).

Alignment to the Florida Principal Leadership Standards					
Practice	Evaluation Indicators				
Domain 1: Student Achievement					
1. Student Learning Results					
Effective school leaders achieve results on the school's student learning goals.					
a. The school's learning goals are based on the state's adopted student academic standards and the district's adopted curricula; and,	D1C3,4,5,9,10,11				
b. Student learning results are evidenced by the student performance and growth on statewide assessments; district-determined assessments that are implemented by the district under Section 1008.22, F.S.; international assessments; and other indicators of student success adopted by the district and state.	D1C3,4,5,9,10,11 D2C5, D3C1, D4C1				
2. Student Learning as a Priority					
Effective school leaders demonstrate that student learning is their top priority through leade support a learning organization focused on student success.	rship actions that build and				
a. Enables faculty and staff to work as a system focused on student learning;	D1C2,9,10,11 D4C2				
b. Maintains a school climate that supports student engagement in learning;	D1C1,4				
c. Generates high expectations for learning growth by all students; and,	D1C9,10,11				
d. Engages faculty and staff in efforts to close learning performance gaps among student subgroups within the school.	D1C9,10,11				
Domain 2: Instructional Leadership					
3. Instructional Plan Implementation					
Effective school leaders work collaboratively to develop and implement an instructional franstate standards, effective instructional practices, student learning needs and assessments.	nework that aligns curriculum and				
a. Implements the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices as described in Rule 6A-5.065, F.A.C., through a common language of instruction;	D1C1,3,5,7,9 D3C3				
b. Engages in data analysis for instructional planning and improvement;	D1C1,3,5,7,9 D3C3				
 Communicates the relationships among academic standards, effective instruction, and student performance; 	D1C1,3,5,7,9 D3C3				
d. Implements the district's adopted curricula and state's adopted academic standards in a manner that is rigorous and culturally relevant to the students and school; and,	D1C1,3,5,7,9 D3C3				
e. Ensures the appropriate use of high quality formative and interim assessments aligned with the adopted standards and curricula.	D1C1,3,5,7,9 D3C3				
4. Faculty Development					
Effective school leaders recruit, retain and develop an effective and diverse faculty and staff					
a. Generates a focus on student and professional learning in the school that is clearly linked to the system-wide strategic objectives and the school improvement plan;	D1C2,6,7,8,9 D2C4 D4C6				
 Evaluates, monitors, and provides timely feedback to faculty on the effectiveness of instruction; 	D1C2,6,7,8,9 D2C4 D4C6				
 Employs a faculty with the instructional proficiencies needed for the school population served; 	D1C2,6,7,8,9 D2C4 D4C6				
d. Identifies faculty instructional proficiency needs, including standards-based content, research-based pedagogy, data analysis for instructional planning and improvement, and the use of instructional technology;	D1C2,6,7,8,9 D2C4 D4C6				

Alignment to the Florida Principal Leadership Standards					
Practice	Evaluation Indicators				
e. Implements professional learning that enables faculty to deliver culturally relevant and differentiated instruction; and,	D1C2,6,7,8,9 D2C4 D4C6				
f. Provides resources and time and engages faculty in effective individual and collaborative professional learning throughout the school year.	D1C2,6,7,8,9 D2C4 D4C6				
5. Learning Environment					
Effective school leaders structure and monitor a school learning environment that improved diverse student population.	s learning for all of Florida's				
 Maintains a safe, respectful and inclusive student-centered learning environment that is focused on equitable opportunities for learning and building a foundation for a fulfilling life in a democratic society and global economy; 	D1C1,2,10,11 D2C2 D3C5				
 Recognizes and uses diversity as an asset in the development and implementation of procedures and practices that motivate all students and improve student learning; 	D1C1,2,10,11 D2C2 D3C5				
 Promotes school and classroom practices that validate and value similarities and differences among students; 	D1C1,2,10,11 D2C2 D3C5				
 d. Provides recurring monitoring and feedback on the quality of the learning environment; 	D1C1,2,10,11 D2C2 D3C5				
 Initiates and supports continuous improvement processes focused on the students' opportunities for success and well-being; and, 	D1C1,2,10,11 D2C2 D3C5				
f. Engages faculty in recognizing and understanding cultural and developmental issues related to student learning by identifying and addressing strategies to minimize and/or eliminate achievement gaps.	D1C1,2,10,11 D2C2 D3C5				
Domain 3: Organizational Leadership					
6. Decision Making					
Effective school leaders employ and monitor a decision-making process that is based on vis priorities using facts and data.	sion, mission and improvement				
a. Gives priority attention to decisions that impact the quality of student learning and teacher proficiency;	D1C2,6 D3C4				
b. Uses critical thinking and problem solving techniques to define problems and identify solutions;	D4C1,2,3,4,5				
 Evaluates decisions for effectiveness, equity, intended and actual outcome; implements follow-up actions; and revises as needed; 	D3C7 D4C1,2,3,4,5				
d. Empowers others and distributes leadership when appropriate; and,	D3C1,2 D4C1,2,3,4,5				
e. Uses effective technology integration to enhance decision making and efficiency throughout the school.	D3C8,9 D4C1,2,3,4,5				
7. Leadership Development					
Effective school leaders actively cultivate, support, and develop other leaders within the org	ganization.				
a. Identifies and cultivates potential and emerging leaders;	D1C7,8,10 D2C4 D3C2				
b. Provides evidence of delegation and trust in subordinate leaders;	D1C7,8,10 D2C4 D3C2				
c. Plans for succession management in key positions;	D4C3,5				
d. Promotes teacher-leadership functions focused on instructional proficiency and student learning; and,	D1C7,8,10 D2C4 D3C2				
e. Develops sustainable and supportive relationships between school leaders, parents, community, higher education and business leaders.	D1C7,8,10 D2C4 D3C2 D3C10				
8. School Management					
Effective school leaders manage the organization, operations, and facilities in ways that maximize the use of resources to promote a safe, efficient, legal, and effective learning environment.					
a. Organizes time, tasks and projects effectively with clear objectives and coherent plans;	D2C2,3 D3C3,4,5,6,8,9,10				
an organizes time, tasks and projects effectively with oreal objectives and constraint plants,					

Alignment to the Florida Principal Leadership Standards						
Practice	Evaluation Indicators					
c. Manages schedules, delegates, and allocates resources to promote collegial efforts in school improvement and faculty development; and,	D2C2,3 D3C3,4,5,6,8,9,10					
d. Is fiscally responsible and maximizes the impact of fiscal resources on instructional priorities.	D2C2,3 D3C3,4,5,6,8,9,10					
9. Communication						
Effective school leaders practice two-way communications and use appropriate oral, written and collaboration skills to accomplish school and system goals by building and maintaining faculty, parents, and community.						
a. Actively listens to and learns from students, staff, parents, and community stakeholders;	D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
b. Recognizes individuals for effective performance;	D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
c. Communicates student expectations and performance information to students, parents, and community;	D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
d. Maintains high visibility at school and in the community and regularly engages stakeholders in the work of the school;	D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
e. Creates opportunities within the school to engage students, faculty, parents, and community stakeholders in constructive conversations about important school issues.	D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
f. Utilizes appropriate technologies for communication and collaboration; and,	D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
g. Ensures faculty receives timely information about student learning requirements, academic standards, and all other local state and federal administrative requirements and decisions.	D1C8 D2C1,2,3,4,5,6 D4C4,5,6					
Domain 4: Professional and Ethical Behavior						
10. Professional and Ethical Behavior						
Effective school leaders demonstrate personal and professional behaviors consistent with qua community leader.	uality practices in education and as					
a. Adheres to the Code of Ethics and the Principles of Professional Conduct for the Education Profession in Florida, pursuant to Rules 6A-10.080 and 6A-10.081, F.A.C.;	D1C10 D2C26,7 D3C3,7 D4C6					
 Demonstrates resiliency by staying focused on the school vision and reacting constructively to the barriers to success that include disagreement and dissent with leadership; 	D1C10 D2C26,7 D3C3,7 D4C6					
c. Demonstrates a commitment to the success of all students, identifying barriers and their impact on the well-being of the school, families, and local community;	D1C10 D2C26,7 D3C3,7 D4C6					
d. Engages in professional learning that improves professional practice in alignment with the needs of the school system;	D1C10 D2C26,7 D3C3,7 D4C6					
e. Demonstrates willingness to admit error and learn from it; and,	D1C10 D2C26,7 D3C3,7 D4C6					
f. Demonstrates explicit improvement in specific performance areas based on previous evaluations and formative feedback.	D1C10 D2C26,7 D3C3,7 D4C6					

Appendix B – Observation Instruments for School Administrators

In Appendix B, the district shall include the observation rubric(s) to be used for collecting instructional leadership data for school administrators.

Rubric for Hernando Site Based Administration Evaluation Components

Domain #1: Instructional Leadership

An Instructional Leader is a continuously reflective visible learner who empowers teachers to transform teaching and learning by modeling best practices and providing knowledgeable, data-driven feedback.

Components	Unsatisfactory	Needs	Effective	Highly
		Improvement/		Effective
		Developing		
1. Develop,	Monitoring	The district	The leader's	The leader's
articulate, and use	does not	teacher	effectiveness	monitoring
a shared vision of	comply with the	evaluation	monitoring	process
instructional	minimum	system is being	process provides	generates a
excellence to guide	requirements of	implemented	the leader and	shared vision
and define	the district	but the process	leadership team	with the faculty
decisions.	teacher	is focused on	with a realistic	of high
(FL Standards 2, 3,	evaluation	procedural	overview	expectations for
5, 6 & 9)	system.	compliance	of the current	faculty
	Monitoring is	rather than	reality of faculty	proficiency in
	not focused on	improving	effectiveness on	the FEAPs,
	teacher	faculty	the FEAPs, the	research based
	proficiency in	proficiency on	indicators in the	instructional
	research-based	instructional	teacher	strategies, and
	strategies and	strategies that	evaluation	the indicators in
	the FEAPs.	impact student	system, and	the teacher
		achievement.	research-based	evaluation
	The leader		instructional	system.
	provides little	The manner in	strategies.	The leader
	or no evidence	which	The leader's	shares
	that	monitoring is	monitoring	productive
	demonstrate	conducted is not	practices are	monitoring
	awareness of	generally	consistently	methods with
	learning,	perceived by	implemented in	other school
	teaching, and	faculty as	a supportive and	leaders to
	student	supportive of	constructive	support district
	development to	their	manner	wide
	inform	professional		improvements.
	decisions.	improvement.	The leader's	
		7D1 1 1	decisions	The leader
	The leader	The leader	consistently	produces clear,
	produces little	provides limited	demonstrate an	convincing, and
	to no evidence	evidence that	understanding of	consistent

	of making decisions that are linked to the school's vision and mission. Decisions adverse to student growth and/or faculty development are made.	demonstrates understanding of learning, teaching, and student development to inform decisions or is inconsistent in using this information to enhance decisions about teaching and learning. The leader produces limited evidence that the school's vision and mission impacts decision making.	learning, teaching, and student development. The leader produces clear evidence of making most decisions in a way that supports the school's vision and mission regarding student learning and faculty proficiency.	evidence that demonstrates an understanding of learning, teaching, and student development to inform all decisions and continuously uses this information to enhance teaching and learning. The leader produces clear, convincing, and consistent evidence that, on an ongoing basis, all decisions are made in a way that promotes the school's vision and mission. Effective decisionmaking practices are frequently shared with other administrators and colleagues throughout the system.
2. Establish meaningful goals to drive towards continuous school improvement. (FL Standards 2, 4, 5 & 6)	Planning for improvement in student achievement is not evident and goals are neither	Specific and measurable goals related to student achievement are established, but these efforts	Goals and strategies reflect a clear relationship between the actions of teachers and	The leader routinely shares examples of specific leadership, teaching, and curriculum

measurable nor	have yet to	leaders and the	strategies that
specific.	result in	impact on	are associated
The leader	improved	student	with improved
focuses more on	student	achievement.	student
student	achievement or	Results show	achievement.
characteristics	planning for	steady	
as an	methods of	improvements	Other leaders
explanation for	monitoring	based on these	credit this
student results	improvements.	leadership	leader with
than on the	F	initiatives.	sharing ideas,
actions of the	Priorities for	Priorities for	coaching, and
teachers and	student growth	student growth	providing
leaders in the	are established	are established,	technical
system.	in some areas,	understood by	assistance to
	understood by	staff and	implement
Clearly stated	some staff and	students, and	successful new
priority learning	students, and	plans to achieve	initiatives
goals	plans to achieve	those priorities	supported by
accompanied by	those priorities	are aligned with	quality planning
a scale or rubric	are aligned with	the actual	and goal
that describes	the actual	actions of the	setting.
levels of	actions of some	staff and	setting.
performance	of the staff.	students.	Recurring
relative to the	or the starr.	Stadents.	leadership
learning goal	Specific and	Clearly stated	involvement in
are not	measurable	learning goals	the
systematically	learning goals	accompanied by	improvement in
provided across	with progress	a scale or rubric	quality of daily
the curriculum	scales, aligned	that describes	classroom
to guide student	to the state's	measurable	practice is
learning, <u>or</u>	adopted student	levels of	evident and is
learning goals,	academic	performance,	focused on
where provided,	standards in the	aligned to the	student progress
are <u>not</u> aligned	course	state's adopted	on priority
to state	description, are	student	learning goals.
standards in the	in use in some	academic	Routine and
course	but not most of	standards, is an	recurring
description.	the courses.	instructional	practices are
The leader	Learning goals	strategy in	evident that
engages in	are	routine use in	support
minimal to non-	posted/provided	courses school	celebration of
existent	in some classes	wide.	student success
monitoring and	are not current,	Standards-based	in
feedback	do not relate to	instruction is an	accomplishing
practices on the	the students	evident priority	priority learning
quality and	current	in the school and	goals and such
timeliness of	assignments	student results	celebrations
information	and/or activities,	on incremental	focus on how
momunon	alla, or activities,	on moremental	10000 OII IIOW

provided to students on what they are expected to know and be able to do (i.e. alignment of learning goals with state standards for the course). There are minimal or no leadership practices to monitor faculty practices on tracking student progress on priority learning goals.

No actions other than use of slogans and exhortations to succeed are taken by the leader to address practices and process that actually enable success.

MTSS not operational.

Expectations and goals regarding student and faculty performance are not provided or are not communicated in a timely,

or are not recognized by the students as priorities for their own effort. Learning goals tend to be expressed at levels of text complexity not accessible by the targeted students and/or at levels of complexity too simplified to promote mastery of the associated standards. Processes that enable students and teachers to track progress toward mastery of priority learning goals are not widely implemented throughout the school.

Problem solving efforts are unskillfully used to provide adequate time, resources, and support to teachers to deliver the district's curriculum and state's standards to students.

Celebrations of student success

measures of success, like progress on learning goals, are routinely monitored and acknowledged.

The formats or templates used to express learning goals and scales are adapted to support the complexity of the expectations and the learning needs of the students.

Clearly stated learning goals aligned to state or district initiatives in support of student reading skills are in use school wide.

Problem solves

skillfully (e.g., conceptualizing, applying, analyzing, synthesizing, and/or evaluating information) to provide adequate time, resources, and support to teachers to deliver the district's curriculum to all students.

the success was obtained.
The leader routinely shares examples of effective learning goals that are associated with improved student achievement.

Through all grades and subjects a multi-tiered system of supports is operational providing core universal supports (research-based, high-quality, general education instruction and support; screening and benchmark assessments for all students, and continuous data collection continues to inform instruction).

Where student are not successful on core instruction, problem solving is employed to identify and implement targeted

comprehensible	2
and actionable	
form.	

The leader's actions demonstrate a lack of understanding of the importance of establishing clear expectations, structures, rules, and procedures for students and staff.

Uses terms in the Florida common language of instruction incorrectly thus misguiding others. are provided but are inconsistent in focusing on how/why students succeeded.

MTSS operational in some classes.

Expectations and goals are provided and communicated in a timely, comprehensible and actionable form regarding some student and faculty performance issues.

Designs a system of open communication that provides for the timely, responsible sharing of information to, from, and with the school community on goals and expectations, but it is inconsistently implemented.

Has a limited capacity to employ Florida's common language of instruction in

Celebrations of student success are common events and are focused on recognition of the methods and effort expended so students understand what behaviors led to the success.

Most grades and subject track student learning growth on priority instructional targets.

MTSS operational across the grades and subjects.

The leader conducts frequent interactions with students, faculty, and stakeholders to communicate and enforce clear expectations, structures, and fair rules and procedures.

Utilizes a system of open communication that provides for the timely, responsible sharing of information with supplemental supports (data based interventions and progress monitoring).

Clear evidence communication on goals and expectations is present, including open forums, focus groups, surveys, personal visits, and use of available technology. Ensures that all community stakeholders and educators are aware of the school goals for instruction, student achievement, and strategies and progress toward meeting these goals.

The leader coaches others within the district to effectively employ the Florida common language of instruction in communicating school goals and expectations.

		aligning school goals and expectations with district and state initiatives.	the school community using a variety of formats in multiple ways through different media in order to ensure communication with all members of the school community. Is proficient in use of the Florida common language of instruction to align school goals with district and state initiatives.	
3. Ensure that benchmarks, curriculum and instruction are aligned to Florida Standards in order to promote high student achievement. (FL Standards 1, 2 & 3)	Classroom learning goals and curriculum are not monitored for alignment to standards or are considered a matter of individual discretion regardless of course description requirements. The leader is hesitant to intrude or is indifferent to decisions in the classroom that are at variance	Assignments and activities in most, but not all courses relate to the standards in the course descriptions. The leader demonstrates some use of the FEAPs and common language to focus faculty on instructional improvement, but is inconsistent in addressing the FEAPs.	The link between standards and student performance is in evidence from the alignment in lesson plans of learning goals, activities and assignments to course standards. The leader is able to recognize whether or not learning goals and student activities are related to standards in the	Every faculty meeting and staff development forum is focused on student achievement on the Florida Standards and NGSSS, including periodic reviews of student work. The leader can articulate which Florida Standards are designated for implementation

from the	The leader's use	course	in multiple
requirements of	of FEAPs and	descriptions	courses.
academic	common		
standards in the	language	The leader's use	The
course	resources results	of FEAPs	instructional
descriptions.	in some faculty	content and	program and
Training for the	at the school site	terms from the	practices are
faculty on	having access to	common	fully aligned
standards based	and making use	language is a	with the
instruction does	of the FEAPs	routine event	FEAPs. Faculty
not occur and	and common	and most	and staff
the leader does	language.	instructional	implementation
not demonstrate	There are gaps	activities align	of the FEAPs is
knowledge of	in alignment of	with the FEAPs.	consistently
how to access	ongoing		proficient and
standards.	instructional	Coordinated	professional
	practices at the	processes are	conversations
There is no or	school site with	underway that	among school
minimal	the FEAPs.	link progress on	leadership and
evidence that	There is some	student learning	faculty about
the principles	correct use of	growth with	instruction use
and practices of	terms in the	proficient	the Florida
the FEAPs are	common	FEAPs	common
presented to the	language but	implementation.	language of
faculty as	errors or	The leader's use	instruction and
priority	omissions are	of FEAPs and	the terminology
expectations.	evident.	common	of the FEAPs.
F		language	The leader's
The leader does	Processes to	resources results	use of FEAPs
not give	monitor	in most faculty	and common
evidence of	alignment of	at the school site	language
being	curriculum	having access to	resources
conversant with	resources with	and making use	results in all
the FEAPs or	standards in the	of the FEAPs	educators at the
the common	course	and common	school site
language.	descriptions are	language.	having access
The leader's use	untimely or not	The leader uses	to and making
of FEAPs and	comprehensive	the common	use of the
common	across the	language to	FEAPs and
language	curriculum.	enable faculty to	common
resources	Efforts to align	recognize	language.
results in few	curriculum with	connections	Teacher-leaders
faculty at the	standards are	between the	at the school
school site	emerging but	FEAPs, the	use the FEAPs
having access to	have not yet	district's	and common
and making use	resulted in	evaluation	language.
of the FEAPs	improved	indicators, and	J. ng.:
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contemporary

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	and common	student	research on	The leader
	language.	achievement.	effective	routinely
		Curriculum	instructional	engages faculty
	There are no or	maps, resources,	practice.	in processes to
	minimal	and district		improve the
	processes	initiatives are	Specific and	quality of use of
	managed by the	used school	recurring	curriculum
	leader to verify	wide to focus	procedures are	maps, resources
	that curriculum	instruction on	in place to	and district
	maps,	state standards,	monitor the	initiatives to
	resources, and	but there is no	quality of	their alignment
	district	to minimal use	alignment	with standards
	initiatives are	of state, district,	between	and impact on
	used.	or school	curriculum	student
		supplementary	resources and	achievement
		materials that	standards.	and supports
		identify and fill		replacing
		gaps, and align	Procedures	resources as
		instruction with	under the control	more effective
		the	of the leader for	ones are
		implementation	acquiring new	available.
		level of the	curriculum	The leader is
		standards.	resources	proactive in
			include	engaging other
			assessment of	school leaders
			alignment with	in sharing
			standards.	feedback on
				identification
			Curriculum	and effective
			maps, resources,	use of
			and district	curriculum
			initiatives are	resources that
			used school	are associated
			wide to focus	with improved
			instruction on	student
			state standards,	achievement.
			and state,	Parents and
			district, or	community
			school	members credit
			supplementary	this leader with
			materials are	sharing ideas or
			routinely used	curriculum
			that identify and	supports that
			fill gaps, and	enable home
			align instruction	and community

to support

and community

student mastery

align instruction

implementation

with the

			laval of the	of maionity
			level of the	of priority
4 D 111:	F :1 6	G '1	standards.	standards.
4. Facilitates,	Evidence of	Some evidence	The leader	A consistent
monitors and	student	of improvement	reaches the	record of
participates in	improvement is	exists, but there	required	improved
school wide data	not routinely	is insufficient	numbers,	student
analysis that seeks	gathered and	evidence of	meeting	achievement
to understand	used to promote	using such	performance	exists on
student	further growth.	improvements	goals for student	multiple
achievement data		to initiate	achievement.	indicators of
and use results to	Indifferent to	changes in	Results on	student success.
initiate data driven	the data about	leadership,	accomplished	Student success
change to close	learning needs,	teaching, and	goals are used to	occurs not only
achievement gaps	the leader	curriculum that	maintain gains	on the overall
and support school	blames	will create the	and stimulate	averages, but in
improvement with	students,	improvements	future goal	each group of
multiple	families, and	necessary to	setting.	historically
stakeholders. (FL	external	achieve student	The average of	disadvantaged
Standards 1, 2, &	characteristics	performance	the student	students.
6)	for insufficient	goals.	population	Explicit use of
	progress.	8	improves, as	previous data
	The leader does	The leader has	does the	indicates that
	not believe that	taken some	achievement of	the leader has
	student	decisive actions	each group of	focused on
	achievement	to make some	students who	improving
	can improve.	changes in time,	have previously	performance. In
	The leader has	teacher	been identified	areas of
	not taken	teacher	as needing	previous
	decisive action	The leader's	improvement.	success, the
	to change time,	actions reflect	improvement.	leader
	teacher	attention to	The leader's	aggressively
	assignment, and	building an	actions and	identifies new
	curriculum.	_		
	curriculum.	organization where the	supported	challenges,
	Thousia no an		processes enable	moving
	There is no or	essential	the instructional	proficient
	minimal	elements of a	and	performance to
	evidence of	learning	administrative	the exemplary.
	proactive	organization	workforce of the	771 · · · · 1
	leadership that	(i.e. personal	school to	The essential
	supports	mastery of	function as a	elements of a
	emergence of a	competencies,	learning	learning
	learning	team learning,	organization	organization
	organization	examination of	with all faculty	(i.e. personal
	focused on	mental models,	having recurring	mastery of
	student learning	shared vision,	opportunities to	competencies,
	as the priority	and systemic	participate in	team learning,
	function of the	thinking) are	deepening	and
	organization.	emerging, but	personal mastery	examination of

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	Any works in progress on personal mastery of instructional competencies, team learning processes, examinations of mental models, a shared vision of outcomes sought, or systemic thinking about instructional practices are not aligned or are not organized in ways that impact student achievement gaps.	processes that support each of the essential elements are not fully implemented, or are not yet consistently focused on student learning as the priority, or are not focused on closing learning performance gaps among student subgroups within the school.	of competencies, team learning, examination of mental models, a shared vision, and systemic thinking. These fully operational capacities are focused on improving all students' learning and closing learning performance gaps among student subgroups within the school.	mental models, shared vision, and systemic thinking) are focused on improving student learning results. Positive trends are evident in closing learning performance gaps among all student subgroups within the school. There is evidence that the interaction among the elements of the learning organization deepen the impact on student learning. The leader routinely shares with colleagues throughout the district the effective leadership practices learned from proficient implementation of the essential elements of a learning organization.
5. Promotes and monitors standards based common planning, with	Lesson plan monitoring isn't evident.	Lesson plan monitoring is inconsistent.	Lesson plan monitoring ensures	Lesson plan monitoring clearly supports standards based

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evidence of data	Negative trends	Positive and	standards based	lesson planning
analysis. (FL	are evident in	negative trends	lesson planning.	and offers
Standard 1 & 3)	closing	are evident in	5	support and
	achievement	closing	Positive trends	feedback to
	gaps.	achievement	are evident in	instructional
		gaps.	closing	staff and
	Data isn't		achievement	promotes team
	always	Staff need to ask	gaps.	planning to
	available to	for data to		maximize
	support	support	Data is readily	successful
	common	common	available to staff	approaches.
	planning even	planning.	to support	Positive trends
	when requested.		common	are evident in
		The leader	planning.	closing learning
	The leader has	haphazardly		performance
	little knowledge	applies	The leader	gaps among all
	and/or skills of	rudimentary	systematically	student
	assessment	knowledge and	seeks,	subgroups
	literacy and	skills of	synthesizes, and	within the
	data analysis.	assessment	applies	school.
	There is little or	literacy and is	knowledge and	The leader
	no evidence of	unsure of how	skills of	promotes the
	interaction with	to build	assessment	inclusion of
	staff concerning	knowledge and	literacy and data	available data
	assessments.	develop skills of	analysis.	in common
	The leader is	assessment	The leader	planning
	indifferent to	literacy and data	routinely shares	discussions for
	data and does	analysis.	knowledge	instructional
	not use data to	The leader	with staff to	staff.
	change	inconsistently	increase	Stair.
	schedules,	shares	students'	The leader uses
	instruction,	knowledge with	achievement.	a variety of
	curriculum or	staff to increase	Formative	creative ways to
	leadership.	student	assessment	provide
	Student	achievement.		professional
	achievement	There is	practices are	-
			employed	learning for
	remains	inconsistency in	routinely as part of the	individual and
	unchanged or	how assessment		collegial groups
	declines.	data are used to	instructional	within the
	The leader does	change	program.	district focused
	not use	schedules,	The leader uses	on applying the
	assessment data	instruction,	state, district,	knowledge and
	from state,	curriculum, or	school, and	skills of
	district, school,	leadership.	classroom	assessment
	and classroom.	There is	assessment data	literacy, data
		rudimentary use	to make specific	analysis, and
		of assessment	and observable	the use of state,
		data from state,	changes in	district, school,

		district, school, and classroom.	teaching, curriculum, and leadership decisions. These specific and observable changes result in increased achievement for students.	and classroom assessment data to improve student achievement. Formative assessments are part of the school culture and interim assessment data is routinely used to review and adapt plans and priorities.
6. Uses frequent walkthroughs and informal and formal evaluations to provide targeted/timely feedback and support. (FL Standards 3, 4 & 6)	Required observations for many staff are not completed. Feedback is rarely given. Use of data from the observation tool is rarely used. There is no evidence of an instructional evaluation plan. The midyear process is unclear. The leader does not participate in the informal opportunities created by district visits, staff learning walks or other opportunities to gather data to provide	Not all required observations are completed. Feedback is inconsistently given to staff. Use of data from the observation tool is used inconsistently and more as an afterthought. An instructional evaluation plan may exist but is not followed. The midyear process is inconsistently implemented. The leader is present but distracted in the informal opportunities created by district visits,	All required observations are completed. Feedback occurs for teachers that receive basic or lower ratings. Use of data from the observation tool is used to target observations and specific components for instructional staff. An instructional evaluation plan exists. The midyear process is followed and completed. The leader participates in the informal opportunities created by	All required observations for instructional staff are conducted consistently and routinely. Feedback is always given for basic or lower ratings. Meetings with staff occur for those receiving unsatisfactory ratings Use of data from the observation tool is used to target observations and specific components for instructional staff. An instructional evaluation plan is clearly evident.

	feedback and support to the staff and evaluate trend data.	staff learning walks or other opportunities to gather data to provide feedback and support to the staff and evaluate trend data.	district visits, staff learning walks or other opportunities to gather data to provide feedback and support to the staff and evaluate trend data.	The midyear process is fully utilized to provide support and feedback to staff. The leader fully engages in the informal opportunities created by district visits, staff learning walks or other opportunities to gather data to provide feedback and support to the staff and evaluate trend data.
7. Cultivates and	There is not a	The leader has	The leader has a	The leader
supports	clearly identified	a leadership team that is	clearly identified	demonstrates
Administrators, Instructional		tasked with	leadership team	ability to
Coaches and/or	leadership team. There may be	school	to support a positive school	identify and orchestrate
teacher leaders,	factions at the	improvement.	climate, growth	various
and monitors roles	school that	improvement.	opportunities,	leadership
and responsibilities	make it difficult	There are	and continued	teams and
through leadership	for school	professional	school	utilize resources
opportunities and	improvement to	growth	improvement.	to create a
professional	occur.	opportunities for	1	positive school
growth. (FL		all staff	Succession	climate, growth
Standards 3, 4, &	People are not	members.	planning is	opportunities,
7)	held		occurring.	and continued
	accountable to			school
	their roles and		There is follow	improvement.
	responsibilities		through on	
	and confusion		decisions made	A succession
	exists regarding		to insure	plan is evident
	who is		compliance and	for all areas of
	responsible for numerous tasks.		completion.	the school staff.
			Professional	People are held
	Professional		growth is	accountable for
	growth		planned for	follow through

	opportunities are inconsistently offered.		various needs of the staff.	and difficult conversations occur when necessary. There is evidence of planning around professional growth opportunities based on group and individual needs to support the success of the organization.
8. Utilizes Instructional support personnel to discuss best practices and strategically determine professional development needs and avenues for academic support. (FL Standards 4, 7, & 9)	Focused professional development on priority learning needs is not operational. Few faculty members have opportunities to engage in collegial professional development processes on the campus. Individual professional learning is not monitored and is not connected to the school improvement plan or student learning needs.	Less than a majority of the faculty can verify participation in professional learning focused on student needs or faculty proficiency at high effect size strategies. Time for professional learning is provided but is not a consistent priority. Minimal effort expended to assess the impact of professional learning on instructional proficiency.	The leader provides recurring opportunities for professional learning for individual and collegial groups focused on issues directly related to faculty proficiency at high effect size strategies and student learning needs. The leader removes barriers to time for professional learning and provides needed resources as a priority. Participation in specific professional learning that	The leader uses a variety of creative ways to provide professional learning for individual and collegial groups focused on deepening subject matter knowledge and proficiency at high effect size strategies. The leader is personally involved in the learning activities of the faculty in ways that both show support and deepen understanding of what to monitor.

		Leadership monitoring of professional learning is focused primarily participation with minimal attention given to the impact of instructional proficiency on student learning.	target improved instruction and student learning is recognized by the faculty as a school priority. Leadership monitoring of professional learning is focused on the impact of instructional proficiency on student learning.	The entire organization reflects the leader's focus on accurate, timely, and specific professional learning that targets improved instruction and student learning on the standards in the course descriptions. Leadership monitoring of professional learning is focused on the impact of instructional proficiency on student learning.
9. Utilizes School Improvement Plans and data analysis to drive instruction, program interventions, and teacher supports. (FL Standards 1, 2, 3. & 4)	The leader is unaware of or indifferent to the data about student and adult performance, or fails to use such data as a basis for making decisions.	The leader is aware of state and district results and has discussed those results with staff, but has not linked specific decisions to the data. Data about adult performance (e.g. evaluation feedback data, professional learning needs assessments) are seldom used to inform	The leader uses multiple data sources, including state, district, school, and classroom assessments, and systematically examines data at the subscale level to find strengths and challenges. The leader empowers teaching and administrative staff to determine priorities using	The leader can specifically document examples of decisions in teaching, assignment, curriculum, assessment, and intervention that have been made on the basis of data analysis. The leader makes use of all opportunities to support teachers and use school

		instructional leadership decisions.	data on student and adult performance. Data insights are regularly the subject of faculty meetings and professional development sessions.	and district resources to maximize this effort.
10. Participates in professional learning opportunities and provides/facilitates professional learning opportunities for staff. (FL Standards 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, & 10)	Professional learning is typically "one size fits all," and there is little or no evidence of recognition of individual faculty needs or matching of faculty needs to student achievement needs. Consequently, retaining proficient and exemplary staff is problematic. The leader does not engage in professional development personally.	The leader attempts to implement all of the priority instructional needs without a plan for doing so. The leader is aware of the differentiated needs of faculty and staff members, but professional development is only embedded in faculty meetings at this time, rather than incorporating the use of collaboration, study teams, etc. in order to meet the unique needs of staff. The leader attends professional development without attention to their own needs and cannot reflect on growth.	Professional learning includes a plan for the implementation of the prioritized instructional needs (e.g., researchbased instruction, data analysis, instructional technology, culturally relevant) aligned to school improvement plan and some effort has been made to differentiate (coaching, mentoring, collaborative teams, coaching) and embed professional development to meet the needs of all faculty members. The leader is able to use data from evaluation of instructional personnel to assess	The leader has demonstrated a record of differentiated professional learning for faculty based on student needs. The leader has developed a system of jobembedded professional learning that differentiates training and implementation of instructional priorities based on teacher needs, which help retain proficient and highly exemplary staff. The leader routinely shares professional learning opportunities with other schools, departments, districts, and organizations.

			proficiencies and identify priority needs to support and retain proficient and exemplary faculty members.	The leader seeks their own professional development and is assertive about their needs to self-improve.
			The leader actively engages in their own professional development.	
11. Demonstrates that high expectations of student learning is a top priority where there is a clear focus on student success. (FL Standard 1, 2, & 5)	There is no or minimal coordination of assessment practices to provide ongoing data about student progress toward academic standards. School level assessments are not monitored for alignment with the implementation level of the standards. No processes in use to analyze standards and identify assessment priorities. No high priority standards are identified and aligned with assessment practices.	Standards have been analyzed, but are not translated into student-accessible language. School level assessments are inconsistent in their alignment with the course standards. Power (high priority) standards are developed, but not widely known or used by faculty, and/or are not aligned with assessment data on student progress. Student work is posted, but does not reflect proficient work throughout the building.	Each academic standard has been analyzed and translated into student-accessible language and processes for tracking student progress are in operation. Power (high priority) standards are widely shared by faculty members and are visible throughout the building. Assessments on student progress on them are a routine event. The link between standards and student performance is in evidence from the posting of proficient student work throughout the building.	Assessment data generated at the school level provides an on-going perspective of the current reality of student proficiency on academic standards. There is evidence of decisive changes in teacher assignments and curriculum based on student and adult performance data. Case studies of effective decisions based on performance data are shared widely with other leaders and throughout the district.

Domain #2: Culture and Relationship Building.

Effective leaders provide and support on-going opportunities to involve community members and current stakeholders. With the goal of accelerating student achievement, effective leaders understand the need to activate and involve parents/community members. Collective partnerships will enable all stakeholders to support the vision and goals of the school and district. Effective leaders establish cultures that demand high expectations for academic, social, emotional, and personal success for all students. An effective culture reinforces positive relationships and respect among all stakeholders.

Components	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement/ Developing	Effective	Highly Effective
1. Actively participates in the school's community organizations and builds community partnerships. (FL Standards 7 & 9)	The leader is not accessible to staff, student, or stakeholders and does not engage stakeholders in the work of the school. The leader has low visibility to students, staff, and community. Other than slogans and exhortations to do better, there is minimal or no evidence of principal leadership being employed to implement the FEAPs for the benefit of students in the school, and the leader is not perceived by	The leader's actions to be visible and accessible are inconsistent or limited in scope. Limited use of technology to expand access and involvement. Leadership is focused within the school with minimal outreach to stakeholders. The leader demonstrates professional concern for students and for the development of the student's potential but implementation of processes to identify barriers to student success	The leader provides timely access to all through a variety of methods using staff and scheduling practices to preserve time on instructional priorities while providing processes to enable access for parents and community. The leader is consistently visible within the school and community focusing attention and involvement on school improvement and recognition of success. Stakeholders	In addition to the practices at the proficient level, the leader initiates processes that promote subordinate leaders access to all through a variety of methods stressing the need for engagement with stakeholder groups. The leader serves as the "voice of the school" reaching out to stakeholders and advocating for school needs. The leader mentors other school leaders on quality processes for accessibility, engaging stakeholders, and using technologies to
	staff, students, or community as a	have limited scope and have	have access via technology	expand impact.

sincere and effective advocate for the students	resulted in actions to mitigate those barriers and provide supports for success only for some students. There are gaps in processes that engage all faculty in understanding the student population and the community in which they live. Some student subgroups do not perceive the school as focused on their best interests	tools (e.g., e-mails, phone texts, video conferencing, websites) so that access is provided in ways that do not minimize the leader's time for instructional leadership and faculty development. There are programs and processes within the school that focus all students on the importance of success in school and multiple tiers of support to assist them in overcoming barriers to success. Positive slogans and exhortations to succeed are supported with specific and realistic guidance and	The messaging and support systems of the proficient leader are expanded to engage parents and the community at large in participating in actions that promote student success and mitigate or eliminate multiple barriers to success. The principal's actions on behalf of students form a foundation of mutual respect between students, faculty and the community
		succeed are supported with specific and realistic	

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he leader
nsures that the
chool's identity
nd climate (e.g.,
sion, mission,
alues, beliefs,
nd goals)
ctually drives
ecisions and
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ader's conduct
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or the faculty. he leader is
coactive in
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3. Communicates effectively in a timely, efficient, and positive manner. (FL Standards 8 & 9)	The leader does not proactively communicate with stakeholders. Does not articulate a clear point of view or attempt to tailor messages. May communicate conflicting messages to stakeholders. May lack professionalism.	and diversity of students are inconsistently applied. The leader communicates with some stakeholders. Communication may not be clear, concise, or tailored to various stakeholders. Maintains a professional demeanor but may lack poise or confidence under pressure.	applied throughout the school. The leader communicates regularly and effectively with all stakeholders. Articulates a clear point of view in a coherent, concise, and compelling manner. Tailors message for each audience context, and mode of communication. Exhibits poise and professionalism even when under pressure.	The leader communicates regularly and effectively with all stakeholders. Articulates a clear point of view in a coherent, concise, and compelling manner. Tailors message for each audience context, and mode of communication. Exhibits poise and professionalism even when under pressure. The leader creates proactive communication channels for all stakeholders and guides teachers and staff to do the same.
4. Models respect, a positive attitude, and demonstrates interpersonal skills that value the diversity and talents of all. (FL Standards 4, 7, 9, & 10)	The leader limits opportunities for all students to meet high expectations by allowing or ignoring practices in curriculum, instruction, and assessment that are culturally, racially, or ethnically insensitive	The leader inconsistently acts on the belief that all students can learn at high levels by sometimes leading curriculum, instruction, and assessment that reflect and respect the diversity of students and staff.	The leader systematically acts on the belief that all students can learn at high levels by leading curriculum, instruction, and assessment that reflect and respect the diversity of students and staff.	The leader shares with others throughout the district strategies that help them put into action their belief that all students can learn at high levels by leading curriculum, instruction, and assessment that reflect and respect the diversity of students and staff.

	and/or	The leader has	Classroom	The leader
	inappropriate.	taken some	practices	provides an
	Takes no actions	actions that set	consistently	instructional
	that set	expectations for	reflect	program where
	expectations for	teachers adapting	appropriate	recurring
	teachers adapting	instructional	adjustments	adaptations in
	instructional	strategies to meet	based on	instructional to
	strategies to meet	individual student	cultural, racial,	address variations
	individual	needs and such	ethnic	in student
	student needs	individualization	backgrounds of	learning needs,
	stadent needs	is evident in some	students.	styles, and
		but not most	The leader's	learning strengths
		classes	expectations	are routine events
		Clusses	that teachers	in all classes.
			adapt	in an classes.
			instructional	
			strategies to	
			meet individual	
			student needs	
			are an accepted	
			part of the	
			shared vision of	
			the leader and	
			faculty.	
15. Recognizes	The leader does	The leader uses	The leader	In addition to
5. Recognizes and celebrates	The leader does not celebrate	The leader uses established	The leader systematically	In addition to meeting
_	not celebrate		systematically	meeting
and celebrates		established criteria for	systematically (e.g., has a plan,	meeting proficient level
and celebrates the successes	not celebrate accomplishments	established criteria for performance as	systematically	meeting
and celebrates the successes of the school	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and	established criteria for performance as the primary basis	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals,	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes
and celebrates the successes of the school and	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal	established criteria for performance as	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition,	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent-	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly-	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions.	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule)	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors.	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it.	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders.
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the leader is	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of personal and	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based on established	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages community
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the leader is defensive and	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of personal and organizational	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based on established criteria.	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages community groups in
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the leader is defensive and resistant to	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of personal and organizational failures or	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based on established criteria. Recognizes	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages community groups in supporting and
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the leader is defensive and resistant to learning from	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of personal and organizational failures or mistakes when	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based on established criteria. Recognizes individual and	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages community groups in supporting and recognizing
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the leader is defensive and resistant to learning from mistakes.	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of personal and organizational failures or mistakes when offered by others,	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based on established criteria. Recognizes individual and collective	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages community groups in supporting and recognizing rigorous efforts to
and celebrates the successes of the school and stakeholders and is resilient when addressing mistakes. (FL Standards 1, 2,	not celebrate accomplishments of the school and staff, or has minimal participation is such recognitions. The leader is unwilling to acknowledge errors. When confronted with evidence of mistakes, the leader is defensive and resistant to learning from	established criteria for performance as the primary basis for recognition, and reward, but is inconsistent or untimely in doing so, with some people deserving of recognition not receiving it. The leader is able to accept evidence of personal and organizational failures or mistakes when	systematically (e.g., has a plan, with goals, measurable strategies, and a frequent- monthly- monitoring schedule) recognizes individuals for praise, and where appropriate rewards and promotes based on established criteria. Recognizes individual and	meeting proficient level criteria, the leader utilizes recognition reward, and advancement as a way to promote the accomplishments of the school. Shares the methods that lead to success with other leaders. Engages community groups in supporting and recognizing

subverts policy decisions or initiatives focused on student learning or faculty development that are unpopular or difficult. Dissent or dialogue about the need for improvements is absent due to a climate of fear and intimidation and/or apathy. No evidence or reference to previous leadership evaluations is present in the leader's choices of tasks and priorities.

the evidence gathering. Some evidence of learning from mistakes is present. The leader tolerates dissent, but there is very little of it in public. The leader sometimes implements unpopular policies unenthusiastically or in a perfunctory manner. The leader tolerates dissent, but there are minimal to no systemic processes to enable revision of levels of engagement, mental models, and/or misconceptions. The leader is aware of improvement needs noted in previous evaluations, but has not translated them into an action plan.

attainment of strategic goals by focusing on what was done to generate the success

The leader readily acknowledges personal and organizational failures and offers clear suggestions for personal learning. The leader uses dissent to inform final decisions. improve the quality of decisionmaking, and broaden support for his or her final decision. The leader admits failures quickly, honestly, and openly with direct supervisor and immediate colleagues. Non-defensive attitude exists in accepting feedback and discussing errors and failures. There is evidence of learning from

past errors.

The leader builds resilience in colleagues and throughout the organization by habitually highlighting and praising "good mistakes" where risks were taken. mistakes were made, lessons were learned, and both the individual and the organization learned for the future. The leader encourages constructive dissent in which multiple voices are encouraged and heard; the final decision is made better and more broadly supported as a result. The leader is able to bounce back quickly from adversity while remaining focused on the vision of the organization. The leader offers frank acknowledgement of prior personal and organizational failures and clear

suggestions for system-wide

6. Exhibits willingness, courage, and skill to have	The leader does not resolve conflict or does so in an indirect,	The leader anticipates challenges but does not manage	Defined structures and processes are in place for eliciting input. Improvement needs noted in the leader's previous evaluations are explicitly reflected in projects, tasks, and priorities. The leader anticipates and effectively	learning resulting from those lessons. The leader anticipates and effectively manages conflict
effective difficult conversations and engages stakeholders in problem resolution. (FL Standards 4, 9, & 10)	abrasive, or destructive manner. Avoids difficult conversations.	conflict to effective resolution or vice versa. Is willing to have difficult conversation but is not always successful. Sometimes operates in a negative and reactive mode when dealing with conflict.	manages conflict through consistent dialogue with stakeholders. Proactively resolves disagreements and demonstrates a knowledge of conflict resolution strategies and identifies the best solution for most situations. Exhibits willingness, courage, and skill to have effective difficult conversations.	through consistent dialogue with stakeholders. Proactively resolves disagreements and demonstrates a knowledge of conflict resolution strategies and identifies the best solution for most situations Exhibits willingness, courage, and skill to have effective difficult conversations. The leader models conflict resolution for staff whenever possible. Helps stakeholders understand shared goals and other perspectives.

				Engages stakeholders in problem resolution.
7. Strongly	The leader's	The leader's	There is clear	There is clear,
adheres to the	patterns of	behaviors enable	evidence that	convincing, and
Principles of	behavior are	recurring	the leader	consistent
Professional	inconsistent with	misunderstanding	values the	evidence that the
Practice for the	the Code of	and	worth and	school leader
Education	Ethics, Rule 6B-	misperceptions	dignity of all	abides by the
Profession and	1.001, or	about the leader's	people, the	spirit, as well as
demonstrates	disciplinary	conduct and	pursuit of truth,	the intent, of
commitment	action has been	ethics as	devotion to	policies, laws,
and models	initiated based	expressed in the	excellence (i.e.,	and regulations
appropriate	on violation of	Code and	sets high	that govern the
conduct. (FL	the Principles of	Principles.	expectations	school and the
Standards 10)	Professional	There are	and goals for all	education
	Conduct, Rule	segments of the	learners, then	profession in the
	6B-1.006.	school	tries in every	state of Florida,
		community	way possible to	and inspires
		whose	help students	others within the
		developmental	reach them)	organization to
		needs are not	acquisition of	abide by that
		addressed and	knowledge, and	same behavior.
		leadership efforts	the nurture of	The leader clearly
		to understand and	democratic	demonstrates the
		address those	citizenship.	importance of
		needs is not	The leader's	maintaining the
		evident.	primary	respect and confidence of his
		The leader has	professional	
		only a general recollection of	concern is for the student and	or her colleagues,
		issues addressed	for the	of students, of
		in the Code and	development of	parents, and of other members of
		Principles and	the student's	the community,
		there is limited	potential.	as a result the
		evidence that the	Therefore, the	leader achieves
		school leader	leader acquires	and sustains the
		abides by the	the knowledge	highest degree of
		spirit, as well as	and skills to	ethical conduct
		the intent, of	exercise the	and serves as a
		policies, laws,	best	model for others
		and regulations	professional	within the district.
		that govern the	judgment and	
		school and the	integrity.	
		education	The leader	
		profession in the	demonstrates	
		state of Florida.	the importance	

of maintaining
the respect and
confidence of
his or her
colleagues, of
students, of
parents, and of
other members
of the
community. As
a result the
leader adheres
to the
prescribed
ethical conduct.
cuircai conduct.

Domain #3 Operations

Effective school leaders manage the school organization, operations, human capital, and facilities in a way that maximizes usage of all fiscal and human resources. Management of all fiscal and human resources ensures instructional priorities are met, and guidelines for working with select student populations are followed.

Components	Unsatisfactory	Needs	Effective	Highly Effective
		Improvement/		
		Developing		
1. Ensures that	There is little	The leader has	The leader has	The leader can
all fiscal	or no evidence	some processes	some processes	provide clear and
decisions	of reflection	for acquiring	for acquiring	consistent evidence
support the	and	new	new information	of decisions that
implementation	reevaluation of	information on	on impact of	have been changed
of instructional	previous	impact of	decisions and	based on frequent
priorities, and	decisions.	decisions and	appears to be	analysis of data.
are within the		appears to be	willing to	The leader has a
school's	Sub-ordinate	willing to	reconsider	regular pattern of
budgeted	leaders are not	reconsider	previous	decision reviews and
resources	encouraged to	previous	decisions, but	"sun setting" in
(FL Standards	evaluate prior	decisions, but	does not have a	which previous
1, 2, 6, 8, & 10)	decisions.	does not have a	clear or	decisions are
		clear or	consistent	reevaluated in light
	The leader fails	consistent	record of	of the most current
	to meet	record of	making changes	data.
	deadlines,	making	where needed or	There is a culture of
	and/or exceeds	changes where	as soon as	open
	the budget.	needed or as	needed.	acknowledgement of
	The leader	soon as needed.	The leader	undesired outcomes
	lacks		leverages	

	proficiency in	The leader	knowledge of	in which the leader
	using the	sometimes	the budgeting	and
	budget to focus	meets		
	_		process,	everyone in the
	resources on	deadlines, but	categories, and	organization can
	school	only at the	funding sources	discuss what is not
	improvement	expense of	to maximize all	working without fear
	priorities.	exceeding	available dollars	of embarrassment or
		budget; or, the	to achieve	reprisal.
	Resources are	leader meets	strategic	The leader regularly
	not allocated or	budgets, but	priorities.	saves resources of
	used due to	fails to meet	The leader has a	time and money for
	lack of	deadlines.	documented	the organization, and
	planning and	The leader	history of	proactively
	coordination.	lacks	managing	redeploys those
		proficiency in	complex	resources to help the
		using the	projects,	organization achieve
		budget to focus	meeting	its strategic
		resources on	deadlines, and	priorities. Results
		school	keeping budget	indicate the positive
		improvement	commitments.	impact of redeployed
		priorities.	The leader	resources in
		F	documents a	achieving strategic
		Resources are	process to direct	priorities.
		not allocated or	funds to	The leader has
		used until late	increase student	established
		in the year or	achievement	processes to leverage
		are carried over	that is based on	existing limited
		to another year		funds and increase
		due to lack of	best practice	
			and leveraging	capacity through
		planning and	of antecedents	grants, donations,
		coordination.	of excellence in	and community
			resources, time,	resourcefulness.
			and	
			instructional	
		- :	strategies	
2. Uses	The leader	The leader	The leader	The leader looks at
effective	focuses their	looks at student	makes the	student data and
strategies for	assessment of	data and	connection	conducts
selecting and	staff on	conducts	between student	observations to
retaining highly	whether they	observations	data and	constantly assess the
effective	connect with	but doesn't	conducting	effectiveness of staff
personnel (FL	the staff.	correlate the	observations to	always striving for
Standards 3, 4,		two and has	provide	school improvement
6, 7, & 8)	The leader	limited growth.	feedback to staff	and growth for
,	struggles to		to support	personnel. Feedback
	retain staff.	The leader	school	with staff is a
		struggles to	improvement.	perpetual loop.
		retain staff but	1	1 1 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
	l .		1	I

	The leader blames others for inability to hire or retain staff and makes no action plan to address it.	is attempting to fix it. The leader views other departments as the sole provider for hiring and retaining staff.	The leader has a plan to support recruitment and retaining their staff. The leader knows the policies and procedures to support the hiring and certification of staff.	The leader uses site and district resources to help recruit and retain the majority of their staff. The leader provides oversight to support staff and the district in the hiring and certification process for their staff.
3. Monitors personnel as it relates to state and district guidelines including the following: • Daily monitoring of student attendance • Ensuring FTE counts are accurate to reflect appropriate revenue • Enforces the state of Florida's Code of Ethics and models this behavior consistently. (FL Standards 4, 6, 8, 9 & 10)	The leader does not know the policies for attendance or FTE, as well as many other state and district guidelines. The leader needs to be told the guidelines multiple times and still struggles to follow them. The leader avoids issues that may require investigation or difficult conversations.	The leader inconsistently applies the policies and procedures regarding attendance and FTE and other state and district guidelines. The leader typically addresses issues that are brought to their attention. The leader struggles to confront issues that require investigation or difficult conversations. The leader requires a lot of support and prompting to follow through to resolve these issues.	The leader generally conforms to all policies and procedures related to monitoring attendance and FTE counts and works to support staff members at site that complete this work. The leader quickly addresses issues brought to their attention and always works to find a solution. The leader address situations that arise the may need to be investigated. The leader follows procedures and accepts help. The leader works to ensure all district and	The leader is aware and focused on all policies and procedures related to monitoring attendance and FTE counts and most state and district guidelines and works to support staff members at site that complete this work. The leader anticipates issues before they arise. The leader works collaboratively between district departments and site staff to address issues when they arise and create a solution. The leader recognizes situations that need to be reviewed or investigated and follows all procedures to do this. The leader is willing to ask tough questions and have

4. Understands and implements the district's Student Code of Conduct and establishes a school-wide discipline plan to support board approved policy. (FL Standards 2, 5, & 8)	The leader rarely uses the Student Code of Conduct and relies on their own reflections to make decisions. The leader is not open to feedback about their process. The leader is not focused on a school wide plan and treats each day as a new opportunity to employ their methods.	The leader inconsistently applies the Student Code of Conduct. The leader does make an effort to utilize when the situation is addressed. The leader lacks ability to implement a school wide plan and is often making changes or plans lack consistency. Or the leader may start a new plan to address the situation too often without allowing time to evaluate effectiveness.	The leader knows the Student Code of Conduct and follows it consistently with very few exceptions. The leader is open to discussing any decision made and can learn from any feedback. The leader seeks to create a school wide plan that reduces disciplines and impact an improved school culture.	difficult conversations when needed. The leader holds high expectations for themselves and their staff. The leader knows the Student Code of Conduct and always applies it consistently. The leader will always request support when confronted with a unique or new situation. The leader tracks discipline data and constantly is assessing methods to improve student discipline and follows through with an action plan. Once the action plan is created follow through is consistent to reinforce student and site success. Board policies are always followed.
5. Reports, monitors, analyzes, and problem solves after accurate collection of discipline data. Strategically places proper personnel to provide immediate	The leader demonstrates a limited ability to identify a problem statement or related contextual factors. Solutions are vague or only indirectly	The leader is beginning to demonstrate the ability to construct a problem statement with evidence of most relevant contextual factors, but the problem	The leader demonstrates the ability to construct a problem statement with evidence of most relevant contextual factors and the problem statement is	The leader demonstrates the ability to construct a clear and insightful problem statement with evidence of relevant contextual factors. The leader identifies multiple approaches for solving a problem and

	T	T	1	T
support and	address the	statements are	adequately	proposes one or
wrap around	problem	superficial or	detailed.	more
services	statement.	inconsistent in	The leader	solutions/hypotheses
(guidance, SRO,	Solutions are	quality.	identifies	that indicate a deep
alternate	implemented in		multiple	comprehension of
educational	a manner that	Typically, a	approaches for	the problem. The
settings, district	does not	single "off the	solving a	solutions are
resources). (FL	directly	shelf" solution	problem.	sensitive to
Standards 5 &	address the	is identified	The leader's	contextual factors as
8)	problem	rather than	solutions are	well as all of the
	statement and	designing a	sensitive to	following: ethical,
	are reviewed	solution to	contextual	logical, and cultural
	superficially	address the	factors as well	dimensions of the
	with no	contextual	as at least one	problem. The
	consideration	factors.	of the	leader's evaluation
	for further		following:	of solutions is
	work.	The solution is	ethical, logical,	comprehensive and
		implemented in	or cultural	includes all of the
		a manner that	dimensions of	following: history of
		addresses the	the problem.	the problem,
		problem	Evaluation of	logic/reasoning,
		statement but	solutions is	feasibility and
		ignores	adequate and	impact of the
		relevant	includes: history	solution.
		factors. Results	of the problem,	The solution is
		are reviewed	reviews logic	implemented in a
		with little, if	and reasoning,	manner that
		any,	examines	addresses each of the
		consideration	feasibility of	contextual factors of
		for further	solution, and	the problem. A
		work.	weighs impact.	thorough review of
			The solution is	the results is
			implemented	conducted to
			and the results	determine need for
			reviewed with	further work.
			some	
			consideration	
			for further	
			work.	
6. Ensure fiscal	The leader has	The leader is	The leader is	The leader diligently
responsibility	no	inconsistent in	aware and	tracks, understands
by managing	understanding	their approach	generally	and is proactive
budgets and	of budgets and	regarding	follows through	regarding budgets
ensure financial	financial	budgets and	regarding	and resources
resources are	resources and	resources	budgets and	including but not
properly	needs multiple	including but	resources	limited to federal
managed in	interventions to	not limited to	including but	funds and sub
compliance with	fix mistakes.	federal funds	not limited to	budgets.

District policies and procedures. (FL Standards	The leader has limited	and sub budgets.	federal funds and sub budgets.	The leader follows all policies and
8)	knowledge of	The leader will		procedures related to
,	policies and	typically	The leader	maintaining,
	often needs	follows all	attempts to	tracking and
	constant	policies and	follow all	planning for these
	reminding to	procedures	policies and	budgets and
	follow policies	when	procedures	financial resources.
	and	reminded.	related to	The leader learns
	procedures.		maintaining,	quickly to address
			tracking and	any concerns.
			planning for these budgets	
			and financial	
			resources but	
			may need minor	
			corrections	
			and/or support.	
7. Ensure	The leader has	The leader has	The leader is in	The leader is in
compliance with	repeat	compliance	compliance with	compliance and
District policies	compliance	issues that may	regards to all	works
and procedures	issues that	result in audit	school, district	collaboratively with
related to	need to be	findings with	and state	Human Resources
Human	addressed	regards to	policies that	with regards to all
Resources	multiple times.	practices	impact Human	school, district and
Management.	Ti 1 1	connected to	Resources.	state policies.
(hiring, leaves, FLSA, ADA,	The leader struggles to	Human Resources.	The leader will	The leader is
etc) (FL	resolve issues	Resources.	address issues	proactive in
Standards 4, 9,	as their	The leader will	that are	communicating
& 10)	practice	resolve issues	addressed is	concerns and works
	doesn't change	when	open to	to find a solution
	when	addressed.	assistance.	within the current
	addressed.			guidelines.
			The leader	The leader is
			always accepts	assertive about
			help when	seeking assistance
0.16		771 1 1 1	needed.	when necessary.
8. Manages	The school is	The school is	The school	The school is always
school facilities	not clean and	inconsistently clean and no	environment has	clean and the leader
properly through	there is no plan to address it.		appropriate levels of	is proactive with their staff and
compliance with	to address it.	reports are made to	cleanliness.	district departments
appropriate	The leader	address the	Cicaminess.	to anticipate future
standards of	does not seek	issue.	The leader	needs before issues
cleanliness and	support or	2000.	works	arise.
reporting	communicate		consistently	

operational concerns as appropriate. (FL Standards 5 & 8)	with district departments or utilize resources. There is little or no evidence of time, task or project management focused on goals, resources, timelines, and results	The leader will work with district departments when directed. Project management methodologies are vague or it is unclear how proposed project management tools will work together in order to help keep tasks and projects on time and within budget.	with district departments to address issues and resolve issues. Project management documents are revised and updated as milestones are achieved or deadlines are changed. The leader understands the impact of a change in a milestone or deadline on the entire project, and communicates those changes to the appropriate people in the organization. Task and project management and tracking of deadlines are routinely monitored with an emphasis of issues related to instruction and faculty.	The leader always seeks support and teamwork with the district departments to address and resolve all issues. The leader uses project management as a teaching device, helping others understand the interrelationship of complex project milestones throughout the organization. The leader uses complex project management to build system thinking throughout the organization. Project plans are visible in heavily trafficked areas, so that accomplishments are publicly celebrated and project challenges are open for input from a wide variety of sources. Successful project results can be documented.
			faculty development.	
9. Manages school operations and facilities to promote a safe, efficient, and effective learning	The leader is unaware of what state laws and/or district policies are in order to be in compliance or fully	The leader relies on teachers to implement solutions and is seldom involved in monitoring or	The leader is aware of what state laws and/or district policies are and monitors teacher and student	The leader is aware of what state laws and/or district policies are and proactively foresees issues and creates solutions. The leader monitors teacher and

	T	T	T	T
environment	implement	providing	implementation	student
including using	plans or	feedback on	of any plans or	implementation of
district	solutions at the	the impact of	solutions that	any plans or
approved	school.	the results on	occur.	solutions that occur.
technology to		compliance.		
conduct drills	The leader has		The leader has a	The leader has a
adhering to	no school	The leader has	school safety	school safety plan
District protocol	safety plan and	a school safety	plan and all	and all district
and making	if drills are	plan that is	district	protocols are
modifications	conducted they	missing key	protocols are	followed in
and revisions to	are not done at	components.	followed in	completing safety
the school	the frequency	The drills are	completing	drills on schedule
safety plan.	or on the	completed but	safety drills on	and at the frequency
(FL Standards	schedule that	not at the	schedule and at	required.
6, 7, & 8)	should be	frequency that	the frequency	
	followed.	is required.	required.	The leader addresses
				all safety issues and
	The leader has	The leader has	The leader	contacts the
	experienced	been open to	addresses all	appropriate district
	numerous	addressing	safety issues	resources at the
	safety issues	safety issues	and contacts the	appropriate times.
	and has no plan	that have been	appropriate	Modifications are
	to address	brought to their	district	made regularly for
	them.	attention.	resources at the	ongoing
	Modifications	Modifications	appropriate	improvement.
	never occur.	rarely occur.	times.	
			Modifications	
			are made often.	
10. Effectively	The leader	The leader	The leader	The leader
communicates	communicates	communicates	communicates	communicates with
and educates all	with few, if	with students,	with most	students, teachers,
stakeholders in	any	teachers,	stakeholder	parents and the
District	stakeholders.	parents and the	groups such as	community about
approved safety	People	community	students,	safety protocol so all
protocol. (FL	complain about	about safety	teachers, parents	stakeholders have
Standards 6,7,8)	not being	protocol	and the	the opportunity to be
	informed.	inconsistently	community	informed.
		so all	about safety	
		stakeholders do	protocol so all	
		not have the	stakeholders	
		opportunity to	have the	
		be informed.	opportunity to	
		Confusion can	be informed.	
		occur at times.		

Domain 4#: Problem-Solving and Strategic Change Management

School Administrator Evaluation System

Effective leaders establish anticipate issues and strategically address decision making through effective problem solving, adaptation, and implementing changes.

Components	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement/ Developing	Effective	Highly Effective
1. Collects, analyzes, and uses multiple forms of data to make decisions. (FL Standards 1, 3, 5, & 6)	The leader uses data inconsistently or has difficulty understanding or using data to inform decision making.	The leader collects and analyzes different sources of data. May have difficulty identifying the most salient data to inform decision making. Some decisions may not align with or support findings.	The leader collects, analyzes, and draws meaningful conclusions from multiple forms of quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., teacher, classroom, and student level data) to inform short and long term decision making.	The leader collects, analyzes, and draws meaningful conclusions from multiple forms of quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., teacher, classroom, and student level data) to inform short and long term decision making. The leader regularly shares data finding with stakeholders.
2. Identifies problems, analyzes root causes, and develops effective strategies to resolve issues. (FL Standards 2 & 6)	The leader does not accurately identify problems or prioritize the most critical issues to increase student achievement. Strategies may not address critical issues.	The leader identifies problems and attempts to diagnose root causes with varying success. Occasionally prioritizes the most critical issues. Develops partially effective strategies or strategies that address only part of the issue.	The leader effectively identifies problems. Analyzes complex issues to accurately diagnose root causes. Prioritizes the most critical issues, and develops effective strategies to resolve those issues.	The leader effectively identifies problems. Analyzes complex issues to accurately diagnose root causes. Prioritizes the most critical issues, and develops effective strategies to resolve those issues. The leader anticipates problems before they occur. Regularly leads teachers in a process to understand root causes of issues and help develop effective strategies to resolve them.

			Γ, ,	T
3. Develops	The leader	The leader	The leader	The leader develops and
and	develops action	develops	develops and	implements clear action
implements	plans that do	action plans to	implements clear	plans that address weekly
effective	not address	address	action plans that	and monthly milestones to
action plans,	identified	identified	address weekly	address identified issues,
anticipates	issues. Has	issues, but	and monthly	demonstrating the ability to
risks to	difficulty	may focus	milestones to	balance the big picture with
achieving	anticipating	solely on the	address identified	detailed steps to reach the
goals, and	risks, and may	big picture or	issues,	end. The leader monitors
adapts to	become	get stuck in	demonstrating the	progress and makes mid-
changing	surprised or	the details and	ability to balance	course corrections, when
circumstances.	frustrated when	lose sight of	the big picture	needed, to ensure success.
(FL Standards	things do not go	the goal.	with detailed steps	
3, 4, 6, 7, & 9)	according to	Sometimes	to reach the end.	The leader reflects on past
	plan. Rarely	anticipates and	The leader	practice and incorporates
	monitors	prepares for	monitors progress	lessons learned in future
	implementation.	potential risks	and makes mid-	action plans.
		and	course corrections,	
		challenges.	when needed, to	
		Monitors	ensure success.	
		progress.		
4. Employs	There is no or	Technology	Technology	The leader mentors other
effective	only minimal	support for	support for	school leaders on effective
technology	evidence that	decision-	decision- making	means of acquiring
integration to	decision-	making	processes is	technology and integrating
enhance	making	processes is	provided for all of	it into the decision- making
decision	prioritization,	provided for	the staff involved	process.
making and	problem	some, but not	in decision	
efficiency	solving,	all of the staff	making on school	The leader provides direct
throughout the	decision	involved in	instructional and	mentoring and coaching
school. (FL	evaluation or	decision	faculty	supports so that new staff
Standards 6,	distributed	making on	improvement	and new sub-ordinate
8, &9)	leadership	school	efforts.	leaders are quickly engaged
	processes are	instructional	Technology	in effective use of
	supported by	and faculty	integration	technology supports needed
	technology	improvement	supports all of the	to enhance decision-making
	integration.	efforts.	following	quality.
		Technology	processes:	
	Decision	integration	decision-making	
	making is not	supports some,	prioritization,	
	supported by a	but not all of	problem solving,	
	well-understood	the following	decision	
	system of	processes:	evaluation and	
	procedures to	decision-	distributed	
	identify	making	leadership.	
	problems and	prioritization,	Engages sub-	
	generate	problem	ordinate leaders in	
	solutions.	solving,	developing	

	Technology integration does not support data exchanges, project management, and feedback processes.	decision evaluation and distributed leadership.	strategies for coaching staff on integration of technology.	
5. Proactively plans and creates systems to accomplish schoolwide goals. (FL Standards 1, 6, 7, & 9)	The leader does not proactively plan or create systems to achieve school wide goals.	The leader demonstrates some planning and organization. Creates systems that support school-wide goals.	The leader consistently demonstrates organization. Proactively plans and creates systems to achieve school wide goals and sustainable solutions. Implements yearlong planning, consistent day to day schedules and effectively manages professional time.	The leader consistently demonstrates organization. Proactively plans and creates systems to achieve school wide goals and sustainable solutions. Implements yearlong planning, consistent day to day schedules and effectively manages professional time. The leader models organizational skills and systems thinking. Adapts systems to enable sustainable solutions over time.

6. Builds	The leader does	The leader	The leader	The leader recognizes the
ownership	not recognize	sometimes	recognizes the	impact of change on others,
from diverse	the impact of		impact of change	and proactively anticipates
	_	recognizes the	1	
stakeholders	change on	impact of	on others, and	and manages resistance.
and,	others or	change on	proactively	Helps others understand the
overcomes	attempt to	others and	anticipates and	need for change, and builds
resistance to	manage	works to	manages	ownership from diverse
advance	resistance.	manage	resistance. Helps	stakeholders. Creates short
school	Attempts to	resistance.	others understand	term wins to build
improvement.	lead change by	Communicates	the need for	momentum and
(FL Standards	directing others	the need for	change, and builds	sustainability for longer
4, 9 & 10)	and is unable to	change to	ownership from	term change.
	build	diverse	diverse	
	stakeholder	stakeholders.	stakeholders.	The leader expertly
	ownership.	Create some	Creates short term	manages change. Converts
	_	short term	wins to build	resistance to support by
		wins.	momentum and	engaging concerned
			sustainability for	stakeholders and/or
			longer term	leveraging supporters to
			change.	influence others.

Updated 7-30-2019

Appendix C – Student Performance Measures

In Appendix C, the district shall provide the student performance measures to be used for calculating the performance of students for school administrators.

See C. Performance of Students.

${\bf Appendix}\; {\bf D} - {\bf Summative}\; {\bf Evaluation}\; {\bf Forms}$

In Appendix D, the district shall include the summative evaluation form(s) to be used for school administrators.

EVALUTION FORM: Annual PERFORMANCE LEVEL

This form is used to calculate a Summative Performance Level

Name:						
School:						
Evaluator:	aluator: District:					
Evaluator's	luator's Title: Date Completed:					
Laadawahi	n Dugatias Casus					
_	p Practice Score					
	A score x .80 = iberate Practice Score x .20 =					
Dei	inderate Fractice Score x .20 =					
Cor	mbined score is Leadership Pract	ice Score:				
Student gr	owth Measure Score:	Perform	nance Score:			
	Performance Score ranges	Performance Level R	Pating			
	370 to 462	Highly Effective				
	232 to 369	Effective				
	116 to 231	Needs Improvement				
	0 to 115	Unsatisfactory				
Performan	nce level is Effective () Effective (() Needs Improvement	() Unsatisfactory			
School Lea	ader Signature:					
Evaluator ⁵	's Signature:					
Date:						